THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., SUNDAY, JANUARY 26, 1868. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 147

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

TO ADVERTISERS AND PATRONS OF THE APPEAL.

We take pleasure in announcing to the advertising patrons of the APPEAL a reduction in our rates of advertising. We make this reduction in justice to the small advertiser, who has heretofore been taxed disproportionately to the large ones.

After about one year's effort to bring the APPEAL back to its old position as the leading and most widely circulated paper in the State, we have succeeded.

We feel justified in saying, that so far as circulation is concerned, there is no better advertising medium in the city or State. We call attention to our terms for advertising. They have been adopted by us without consulting any other journal; and they will not be departed from. They are now no higher than those of the journals of Louisville, lower than those of New Orleans; and as low as is compatible with the existence of a respectable newspaper in Memphis.

Rates of Advertising of the Memphis Appeal.

Space.	First Insertion	Two Insertions	Three Insertions	One Week	Two Weeks	One Month	One Month
5 lines	$ 50	$ 75	$1 00	$1 75	$2 95	$ 5 00	
8 "	70	1 05	1 40	2 45	4 13	7 00	
9 "	80	1 20	1 60	2 80	4 72	8 00	
10 "	90	1 35	1 80	3 15	5 31	9 00	
10 "	1 00	1 50	2 00	3 50	5 90	10 00	
11 "	1 10	1 65	2 20	3 85	6 49	11 00	
12 "	1 20	1 80	2 40	4 20	7 08	12 00	
13 "	1 30	1 95	2 60	4 55	7 67	13 00	
14 "	1 40	2 10	2 80	4 90	8 26	14 00	
15 "	1 50	2 25	3 00	5 25	8 85	15 00	
20 "	2 00	3 00	4 00	7 00	11 80	20 00	

On advertisements for *three* months or more, ten per cent. will be deducted from the above rates.

Advertisements to occupy fixed places, will be charged fifty per cent. over regular rates.

Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged twenty per cent. on regular rates.

Notices in Brevier, twenty cents per line.

Advertisements in WEEKLY, one dollar per square for each insertion.

All advertisements, except for established business houses, with whom we have running accounts, must be paid for in advance.

Marriage and Death notices, fifty cents. Charitable and Religious notices, ten cents per line.

All bills due on first insertion of advertisement. All bills with regular advertisers to be rendered monthly.

By the system now adopted, and from which the APPEAL will in no case depart, we shall be able to advertise lower for prompt men, and not to tax them with the losses which newspaper publishers generally suffer by advertising on credit.

Political notices must hereafter be paid for: and all Special notices will be charged for at the regular price, except when they are strictly voluntary and complimentary.

Communications of a Personal nature will be charged for at the same rates as local notices

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

DIRECTORY
Of First Class Business Houses
OF MEMPHIS.

Mercer, Ware & Talley, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, No. 194 Main street.

Eastland, Lloyd & Gilbert, Queensware, No. 221 Main street.

German National Bank, No. 293 Main street.

Gayoso Savings Institute, 1 Madison st.

H. John C. Lanier, President.

Weiter & Co, Hardware, 13 a 15 Monroe street.

Holmes & Wharton, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 36 Madison.

H. A. Littleton & Co, Insurance Agency, 22 Madison street.

Gumbinger, Optician and Jeweler, No. 231 Main street.

J. G. Moffatt, Fancy Goods and Trimmings, No. 347 Main street.

Mansfield & Higbee, Druggists, 301 and 303 Main street.

McMahon & Otis, St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, 45 Main street.

Mc'Findley & Cornelius, Undertakers, 317 Second street.

Matthews & Alexander, Agricultural Implements, 272 Second street.

M. J. Rosel, Grocer and Cotton Factor, 326 Front street.

Pike & Adams, Attorneys at Law, No. 293 Main street.

Partee, McGhee & Co, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 7 Monroe st.

Price & Yeatman, Produce, No. 11 Monroe street.

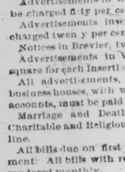
Robeson, Sneed & Co., Fashionable Clothiers, 305 Main street.

R. A. Moon, Cotton Factor, No. 276 Front street.

Verdenburgh & Sylvester, General Insurance Agents, 11 Madison street.

Worsham House, C B Galloway, proprietor, Main and Adams.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.



HEBREW CALENDAR.

A. M., 5628.

1st Tisri, 30th S ptember.....	1867.
1st Kheswan, 30th Oc ober.....	"
1st Kisleu, 29th November.....	"
1st Tebet, 29th Decem er.....	"
1st Shebat, 28th January.....	1868.
1st Adar, 29th February.....	"
1st Nisan, 30th March.....	"
1st Eyar, 29d April.....	"
1st Sivan, 29d May.....	"
1st Tammur, 31st June.....	"
1st Ab, 29th July.....	"
1st Elul, 29th August.....	"
Ash Wednesday, 26th February.....	1868.
Maunday Thursday, 9th April.....	"
Good Friday, 10th April.....	"
Easter Sunday, 12th April.....	"
Ascension, 21st May.....	"
Pentecost, 31st May.....	"

Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. ja12 mh1 tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forster, 294 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. —A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LELIA SCOTT, No. 295. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Ainslie, W. M.; H. P. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 290. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 81 (U. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—204 Front street. George Mellersh, 32d, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 5. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Sec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A. A. AND A. SCOTTISH RITE.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G. M.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.

MISPRAH Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G. M.; ; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.

CASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.; ; —, Sec.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.. W.; ; M. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.;

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.; ; William M. Circle, 32d, Rec.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d., Comm.. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.'.

MILLS, LUMBER, ETC.

R. P. WALT & CO,
DEALERS IN
Cypress Lumber,
No. 196 Main Street.

CYPRESS LUMBER of all dimensions on hand, which we wish to close out at a sacrifice. Parties wishing Lumber should call on us without delay. de15

CUBBINS, GUNN & COOVER,
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard,
161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

HAVE always on hand a general assortment of Flooring, Ceiling and Weatherboarding, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Moulding and Stair Material. Building and Framing Lumber of all kinds, seasoned Oak and Walnut, clear. Planing and surfacing all sizes of Lumber out of winde. Scroll Sawing, Wood Turning and House-work generally. All orders promptly attended to. Prices reduced. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. dec15

SMITH & DUNNING,
SHIPPING & COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NO. 65 SOUTH STREET,
JAMES SMITH, BENJ. DUNNING, CHARLES OSGOOD. } NEW YORK.
Represented by Colonel J. A. BRIGLAND, de29 tf Memphis, Tenn.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

S. HINSON,
DENTIST,
No. 233 Main Street
(LAY BUILDING.
ap8 nov22 ja23 dawly

Dr. C. B. NORRIS,
OCULIST.
Cures all Kinds of Sore Eyes.
Office in Bethell Block, up-stairs. Entrance on Main street. Business hours 10 to 3.

E. A. SANFORD. SAM'L TOOLE. S. P. GAMMON.
SANFORD, TOOLE & GAMMON,
Attorneys at Law,
237 Main Street, Memphis,
ja22 1m UP STAIRS.

DR. LUKE P. BLACKBURN,
Office: No. 351 Main street,
(OVER FALL'S DRUG STORE.)
Residence—Gayoso House. nov12 tf

A. WRIGHT, L. D. McKISICK, LUKE E. WRIGHT.
WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 2 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
ASSISTANT U. S. ATTORNEY,
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
—AND—
PROCTOR IN ADMIRALTY.
Office, No. 450 Main St., Waldran Block, Memphis, Tenn.
nov3 tf

J. B. WASSON & WM. WASSON,
DENTISTS,
HAVE removed the office to their old stand, over their Drug Store, No. 318, Main street. dec8 tf

Harris & Blair,
DENTISTS
No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,
ADAMS' BLOCK.
J. S. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.

J. E. TEMPLE,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Bankruptcy and Commissioner of Deeds.
OFFICE—No. 12 Jefferson street, Room No 17 Third Story, Tilus Block. nov3

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.
WINCHESTER & HATCHER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery,
Little Rock, - - Arkansas.
Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. mh8 tf

Architect and Engineer.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patrons' interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.
OFFICE—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.
J. H. McCLURE, Architect and Engineer.

JOHN K. WINCHELL,
ARCHITECT,
317 Second Street.
PLANS and specifications for buildings of private and public character furnished on short notice.
Remodeling of old buildings also attended to. Specimens of work can be seen at the office as above. All kinds of building operations superintended in person. nov29 3m

WINES AND LIQUORS.

HOFFHEIMER BROTHERS'
CELEBRATED
BAVARIAN BITTERS.
The best Bitters in the Market as a
TONIC AND APPETIZER.
NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
276 Front Row.

Nathan Hoffheimer & Co.,
COMMISSION
—AND—
Forwarding Merchants,
Wholesale Dealers in
Imported and Domestic
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS
Tobacco, Etc., Etc.,
No. 276 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

Always on hand, a large supply of
Old Bourbon & Rye Whiskies,
Also, the Celebrated
BAVARIAN BITTERS.
oct2.
Just Received!
10 barrels Cook's Five Year Old Bourbon.
2 quarter pipes "Pelly nisin" Brandy.
We have also a large and choice stock of
Rye and Bourbon Whiskies, Cordials, Liquors, and the Celebrated Bavarian Bitters.
NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
au25 276 Front Street.

D. H. EVANS.
IMPORTER
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS,
No. 14 Monroe Street, Memphis.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE
Liquor Dealers,
281 : MAIN STREET : 281
Memphis, : : : Tennessee.
ja23 tf

A. VACCARO, B. VACCARO. M. [illegible] JR. A. S. VACCARO.
A. VACCARO & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.,
324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
my8

U. S. BONDED CELLAR.
NATHAN BRO,'S & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
RHENISH & FRENCH WINES, LIQUORS, Foreign Fruits
AND PRODUCE.
No. 262 Second Street,
OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE.
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

CREDITORS
HAVING claims against the estate of James Malatesta, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims, properly authenticated, with the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law, or the same will be barred. Persons indebted to the estate will come forward and pay the same. NICHOLAS MALATESTA,
FRANK VACCARO.
Administrators, 252 Main street.
Ed. Burke Pickett, Attorney.
Ledger copy till forbid. dec10

W. P. CRAY,
DRUG STORE,
No. 59 Adams Street.
ALL kinds of Drugs, Toilet articles, Perfumery, etc. Prescriptions carefully prepared, both day and night. ja15 1m

AN IMPROBABLE STORY.

[Translated from the French of Alphonse Karr.]

BY L***** [illegible]

[CONTINUED FROM LAST SUNDAY.]

PART II.

M. de Riessain has gone to the convent for his daughter, and has installed her in the house, where he received Octavius and Henry. This house is a new purchase which his daughter had not hitherto known of, and which she finds charming. The house is in the middle of an immense garden. Aunt Eudoscia has come back to join her brother and niece. Business affairs have caused her to make a stay at the town of ***, with her nieces, which was to have been of two months, and which has lasted more than a year, because M. de Riessain, himself obliged to make a journey, did not think it necessary to have them return to the country. The day after the arrival of the two, M. de Riessain coldly announces that he is expecting the visit of the husband whom he destines for his daughter. Angelica turns pale and looks at her aunt with a despairing air. Aunt Eudoscia asks a few questions: Well, brother, says she, what is the young man like, for I do not doubt for a single instant that a young man is in question?—Sister, answers M. de Riessain, I will have the honor of presenting him to you to-morrow.

Aunt Eudoscia and Niece Angelica retire early so as to be able to talk freely of the event. Angelica, already strongly inclined to rebellion, receives the greatest encouragement from her aunt on this subject; then the aunt resumes the reading of a novel which they have commenced. At each instant, striking analogies between Angelica's position and that of the heroine, draw exclamations from the aunt and niece, followed by long reflections.

In fact, the young and beautiful Floreska is dragged by a barbarous father, against her will, to the altar, where she is to marry the cruel and fierce Nerisko; but Floreska loves a certain Oswald, and finds in her love an unshaken firmness against the tyrannical author of her days. The aunt interrupts herself here to observe to her niece that the little singing master is called Oswald, but Angelica requests her aunt seriously not to speak to her any more of the singing-master. They separate, and prepare to retire; but at the end of a few moments, Angelica, agitated and trembling, comes back into Eudoscia's room.

—Oh! good gracious, aunt! if you knew. . . .—What, then, is the matter, Angelica? Your countenance is disturbed.—Come, aunt, come look in my room.—Would it not be better to ring?—Aunt, there is nothing dangerous about it; but it is very extraordinary. You know, the unknown?—the man of the honeysuckles! he is in your room?—Ah! aunt, said Angelica, blushing, what an idea!—What is it, then?—There is a bouquet of honeysuckles in a vase, on my mantel.—It is not possible!—I know very well that it is not possible, aunt, but it *is*, and that is what astonishes me.

They return to Angelica's room together. It really is a bouquet of honeysuckle; the room is quite perfumed with it. They ring for the waiting-woman attached to the two ladies' service. It is not she who placed the bouquet there; she does not know what it means. They send her away, and the aunt and niece pass part of the night in talking sense and nonsense.

—Oh! now, says Angelica, I am like Floreska; I am loved, and with the most tender and constant love: Think, aunt, here it is more than a year! I would be thankless not to feel a little gratitude for so pure and faithful a flame. . . I am loved, oh! . . . You must acknowledge, aunt, that it is very disagreeable not to know the name of him by whom I am loved—whom I am so near loving myself.

The aunt adds that it is no less embarrassing to have never seen him. . . Who can he be? Is it that tall, dark man that they called M. de Wolstein?

—Oh no, aunt; he is common to the greatest degree.

—Could it be, then, that fair young man, so fresh and rosy?

—Pshaw! aunt, I do not like fresh, rosy men.

—I am lost in conjecture, then.

It is nearly three o'clock in the morning, when Eudoscia announces that she *is dying with sleep*. Angelica asks permission to retire to her room, in the first place because she is not sleepy, and hopes to be able to talk a little more about the unknown, and also because she cannot think without artless trouble and modest fear that the unknown has entered, and can enter her closed room. It is only with the first rays of light that they finish by going to sleep. Angelica has carried the bouquet of honeysuckle into her Aunt's room. It has her first glance when she has gone to sleep. During the whole night her dreams show her the unknown, but he has his back turned to her, or has a mask on his face.

In the morning, at breakfast, M. de Riessain asks if they are not going to do a little dancing. . . When she is alone with her aunt, Angelica announces that she will not do any, that she does not intend to take any pains for this gentleman so favored by her father. The aunt objects that it is not necessary however to *scare* people. Angelica answers that she does not ask any better than to scare Mr. d'Hervilly . . . Her father has just told her at last the name of the man whom he destines for her. . . I would like to know nevertheless if, the suitor gone, Angelica would learn with pleasure that he refused her hand because he found her too ugly. In the history of feminine heroism, a story which would be long and fine, if these great combats, these great victories and these great defeats did not take place in silence, we find women in great numbers who have sacrificed everything for the man they loved, rank, honor, fortune, some have preferred death to infidelity; but we do not see any who have attempted any injury to their beauty, and have disfigured themselves a little in order to displease any oppressors smitten with their charms. Perhaps, besides, we must seek for the cause of this in man's ingratitude, for, certainly, it is not courage which is wanting in women, and they have more than men, but they would no doubt fear, after such a sacrifice, to displease the man they loved, at least as much as the one they did not love.

This is not what happens, however; Angelica has done just exactly as much dressing as is necessary not to anger her father, and yet Octavius *cannot find expressions enough* to tell M. de Riessain how beautiful he finds her. Angelica, on the contrary, gets angry with her aunt who says that this young man is not bad looking; she then recollects perfectly well having met him in society the preceding winter, and, of all the men whom she saw, he was unquestionably the one who displeased her most. . . . No, should her father *curse her*, she will not marry M. d'Hervilly; she would like to be able to say how different the man with the bouquet of honeysuckle is; but though she is certain of it, she does not dare to express her conviction out aloud. In the evening, she throws herself weeping at M. de Riessain's feet, and implores him not to oblige her to marry such a man. M. de Riessain asks her, with a most awful air, if by chance she has disposed of her heart. Angelica answers that her heart is free, and she adds like Floreska, that *her father's love is enough for her, that she is very young*, etc. M. de Riessain is inflexible; the aunt interposes and asks at least for a delay; the father hesitates, makes them beg him a long time, and ends by granting three months; but this time past, he will not listen to any expostulations. Angelica, who has never seen her father show such severity, withdraws to her room, very sad; but Aunt Eudoscia reassures her. . . One does not know what will happen in three months. Floreska only obtained a delay of three days, and yet she married Oswald, after he had vanquished and killed Nerisko. Aunt Eudoscia is hopeful; Angelica prefers death and even a convent to such a union. We will leave them in this frame of mind, which furnishes them abundantly with the means of sustaining their conversation.

Henry had retaken the coach which had brought him; the weather was fine, and he had seated himself on the top of the coach by the side of the coachman. . . When they arrived at the inn we know of, he saw getting out of the inside of the coach the same Octavius d'Hervilly, with regard to whom he had replaced indifference by a feeling bordering on hatred. Scarcely have the travelers entered the hall where they dine, when cries are heard, "it is he! here he is!"

—Ah, sir, said the landlord to Octavius, you did not forget us; a few hours after your departure came the consent to let the road pass through that waste land which they refused for so long a time. Ah, sir, you are the benefactor of the country.

Octavius and Henry were each as much astonished as the other. Octavius, however, recovered first, and answered that what he had done was nothing; that a simple letter to the minister had been sufficient to enlighten him.

—Yes, sir, very well—a simple letter; but we have written hundreds of letters, and we had never obtained an answer; and poor Peter, or rather happy Peter, you had told him that in a month he would be with his mother. It has not required a month; he arrived this morning. . . . They have already gone to inform him that you are here.

If Octavius was astonished to see that chance had so promptly realized promises which he had made without intention and without power of doing more, Henry, on his side, could not weary of admiring the assurance with which Octavius accepted the responsibility of service which he had not even thought of rendering. Octavius was one of those persons whom we frequently meet with, who attach less importance to being than to appearing, who employ all their efforts to *produce an effect*. We do not know to how many sorry things they resign themselves to appear rich; what slender dinners, what fasts even rise up in judgment against their patent-leather boots and yellow kid gloves. I know some of these people who would rather pass for being a woman's lover, than be so in reality, if no one could know anything of their good fortune.

Soon came the young conscript with his sister and mother. The most vivid joy had succeeded to tears. The sister, a beautiful young girl, kissed Octavius' hand. Whilst accepting these tokens of gratitude, M. d'Hervilly would have given a great deal to know by what mystery the hope to which he had given birth in order to give himself a moment's importance, had come to the piece of good fortune for the improving of the road, and as to the young conscript's dis charge, should have been realized in so timely a manner by an something which he dared not call an accident.

The landlord, who had gone out to look after his furnaces, re-entered the room, and said: The baron of Horrberg's dinner is ready. At these words, Henry turned round abruptly; but he perceived instantly that it was Octavius d'Hervilly whom the innkeeper was addressing. Octavius asked the landlord why he gave him this name.

—Pardon me, sir baron, answered he, if I disclose your incognito, but there is no one here who will not be happy to know what so generous a man is called, and Peter's mother and sister will know by what name they should offer up their prayers to Heaven for your happiness.

—But, my friend, this name. . . .

—I know very well that the baron had intended concealing his name, but he has betrayed himself; the writ of possession of taking the piece of land which had been so long refused us, and Peter's certificate of discharge declare alike that it is through the Baron de Horrberg's recommendation. Now, as it is after the promise made to us by the Baron, that these fortunate things have happened to us, and as the first moment unable to overcome his tender emotion in the presence of those whom he has made happy, the Baron received our thanks and acknowledgements with a noble sincerity, there is no longer room to doubt for an instant that your Excellency is the Baron De Horrberg. Octavius answered with a somewhat embarrassed smile, and nevertheless accepted the courtesy shown him by his traveling companions, who wished him to precede them in entering the dining-room. He could not refuse the name of the Baron De Horrberg without acknowledging that he had accepted thanks for services rendered by another; he must either be the Baron De Horrberg or an arrant scoundrel; he did not think he could hesitate. Octavius thought he was dreaming; he asked himself for a moment if he was not perchance Baron De Horrberg, and if some veil thrown over his birth had not just been suddenly torn away. But it was not possible to retain this idea, even for a few moments: he had been born so regularly, so commonly, so conformably to all usages and all legal guarantees, that there was no possibility of hoping for other parents than those whom he had until now recognized as such.

The dinner was prolonged to a somewhat late hour, because it was necessary to wait until the next day for a coach. Henry overwhelmed Octavius with praises of his generosity, congratulated him on the power he had over the minister's mind. But these praises and congratulations had something exaggerated in them which was singularly like irony. Octavius was very much embarrassed; he could not take offense at compliments which were only disobliging, because he did not deserve them. And yet he perceived from time to time that Henry saw his embarrassement and made sport of it. Henry for his part, was not animated with very benevolent feelings towards Mr. d'Hervilly; and as each one had ended by declaring his name and title, he exerted himself to call forth a direct question, which he evaded for sometime, but he related two or three anecdotes, in which he gave himself out as playing a discreditable or ridiculous part, and at length he owned that he was traveling as a measure of prudence. He had had as a rival in a love affair a sort of tully, whom he did not care to name. His principles had obliged him to decline a challenge sent to him by this fire-eater. Threatened with public insult, he was leaving the town of * * *. All the stupefied auditors of the acknowlment of such cowardice, kept profound silence.

—Eh, gentlemen, added Henry, I abhor dueling; I do not like to fight; and as my enemy is a brutal man, who would be capable of employing violent measures to force me into it, I am traveling up and down for a while. Perhaps, no one, in our reciprocal confessions, has acknowledged the real motives of his journey as frankly as I have. To wind up, like you, gentlemen, I will tell you that I am called Octavius d'Hervilly. Octavius bounded on his chair. What! it was his own name which the unknown was conferring upon himself, and above all, which he was using as a cloak for actions that were at least ridiculous.

—You say, sir, cried he, that you are called. . . .

—Octavius, d'Hervilly, sir, at your service.

—But, sir, I think I know an Octavius d'Hervilly. . .

—You are mistaken. There is no one of that name in existence, but the ordinary individual here present.

[TO BE CONTINUED NEXT SUNDAY.]

FOREIGN MISCELLANY.

—The people of Frankfort have collected, by voluntary contributions, the sum of one hundred thousand florins for rebuilding that portion of their venerable cathedral which was destroyed by the conflagration of September last.

—Baron Rothschild, of Frankfort, as usual, contributed very little to the rebuilding of the Frankfort Cathedral, but, of course, affixed his signature to the "appeal for contributions for rebuilding the church." He has made himself notorious for his meanness in this respect, and what little he gives on such occasions has to be squeezed out of him by the hardest kind of persuasion.

—Liberal contributions have been sent from all parts of Northern Europe to the starving people of Norland, in Sweden. Gross frauds, however, have been committed in the distribution of the provisions, most of which were given to wealthy peasants who did not need them, while the poorer classes did not get anything. Some scoundrels who, by all sorts of falsehoods, had obtained large quantities of these provisions, were impudent enough to open stores therewith and sell them at the most extravagant prices.

—Recently there died an old huckster-woman in Prague. She had always been very poorly dressed, and lived in a wretched little hut; hence, she was universally believed to have been very poor. Imagine, therefore, the astonish ment of the authorities on finding about one hundred thousand florins in gold, silver and paper money in the old bureau of the deceased huckster-woman. As she had no heirs, the empty Austrian treasury received the whole inheritance.

—The Chassepot rifles will probably be thrown out again, notwithstanding the boastful official French reports, for it is now established beyond peradventure that, while this weapon is almost unsurpassed so far as rapid firing is concerned, it gets out of order, on an average, after thirteen shots have been fired. Moreover, the experience of the massacre of Mentana has proved that the balls of the Chassepot rifle inflict few mortal wounds, and break surprisingly few bones. For all these reasons it is believed that the Chassepot rifle now on hand in the French arsenals will be given to the National Guard, while the regular army will receive Carter rifles.

—The Emperor of Austria gave ten thousand florins to the Papal exchequer, the Empress four thousand, and the Prince Imperial one thousand. A pledge that the Concordat would be sustained would, probably, have been more agreeable to his Holiness.

—King George, of Hanover, has given a large sum to the Papal exchequer. In so doing, he writes, he wishes it to be understood that he is not a Catholic, but a Protesant; but he wishes to uphold to the best of his power, the cause of legitimacy, wherever it is assailed He upheld that cause very poorly in his own case.

—Dr. Gatling is making a good thing out of his cannon in Europe. Broadwell & Co.'s factory at Carlsrube, in the grand-duchy, has received orders for four hundren Gatling cannon from France; Russia has ordered two hundred, and Austria, Belgium, Holland and Italy each one hundred.

—Abdill Az'z's civil list is thirty-three million and five hundred thousand francs a year. As the annual revenues of Turkey amount only to three hundred million france, the personal expenses of the Sultan swallow more than eleven per cent. of this sum.

EDUCATIONAL.

Park Avenue Academy,
THREE MILES FROM MEMPHIS, NEAR Memphis and Charleston Railroad. The object of this school is to prepare boys for the University of Virginia or any college, or for the active duties of life. In the Primary branch most special attention will be given to Reading, Writing and Spelling. The Principal has had ten years' experience in teaching in Kentucky, Tennessee and Lynchburg, Virginia, and designs establishing a permanent school. The Academy is located in a community noted for its refinement and intelligence, and is near Park Avenue Church, where religious services are held every Sunday. Board can be obtained near the school for $18 per month. The next session commences February 3d. Reference is: Dr. J. J. Williams, N. M. Trezevant, M. D. Deadrick, E. Rayner, Esqrs., Captain E. A. Cooper, patrons; Rev. M. D. Hoge, D. D., Rev. T. V. Moore, D. D., Richmond, Va.; Rev. R. L. Dabney, D. D., Rev. B. M. Smith, D. D., Union Seminary, Va.; Rev. J. B. Ramsey, D.D., Judge D. A. Wilson, Hon. F. B. Dunn, Rev. Charles L. Mosby, Lynchburg, Va.; Prof. C. S. Venable, University of Virginia, Prof. Wm. Dinwiddie, late University of Virginia.
ja15 tw2 W. L. MILLER, M.A., Principal.

NOTICE TO PARENTS.

MISS SALLIE CORNELIUS
WILL OPEN A SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND small Boys, on the 2d JANUARY, 1868 at the residence of Dr. O. F. Early, on Jones avenue, fifth door from Alabama street, and immediately in the rear of St. Mary's Church, where she gave him this name.
dec24

THE MISSES BOWERS
WILL open the Spring Session of their School, on Monday, the 6th of January, at their residence, No. 108 Monroe street. They have engaged the services of Prof. Villebuhle, who will give instruction in French, *free of charge*. As evidence of the success attendant upon these efforts, they would refer to the patrons, Mr. F. M. Cash, Gen. W. G. C. Hennes, Mr. B. K. Pullen, Mr. E. H. Ward, Mr. S. P. Read, Mr. W. B. Mitchel, and others.
ja21 feb1

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.
SPRING SESSION, 1868,
WILL BEGIN ON
Monday, January 20, 1868.
For information as to Terms, etc., address
Col. R. T. P. ALLEN, Sup't,
dec22 d&w eod Farmdale P. O., Franklin county, Ky.

LEE ACADEMY.
ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3RD, WE SHALL organize the Forms for the Spring Session, PECKNH, in Professor Vilhuhle's classes, WITHOUT CHARGE.
ja16 2w M. A. E. MORGAN, Principal.

SAINT MARY'S SCHOOL,
Mrs. M. K. POPE, Principal,
Poplar Street, East of Orleans.
THE NEW SESSION BEGINS FEBRUARY THIRD. ja16 2w

MEMPHIS COLLEGE,
(Formerly St. Lazarus.)
Rev. S. H. FORD, LL.D., President.
J. DUPREE Professor of Languages.
——, Professor Mathematics.
JACKSON P. CREWS, English Department.

Session Opens Monday, September 2nd

TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Senior Class, including Latin, Greek and Mathematics.....	$40 00
Junior, English Branches, Latin and Greek Grammar.....	30 00
Primary Department.....	20 00

Payable in advance. au28

LAW SCHOOL,
MEMPHIS COLLEGE.
THE Law Department of the Memphis College will open on the FIRST MONDAY OCTOBER. The following gentlemen comprise the Faculty:

Constitutional Law.....Gen. ALBERT PIKE
Real Property & Pleading.....Hon. R. R. HEATH
Personal Property & Pleading.....A. M. Lewis
Equity & Commercial Law. Hon. P. T. SCRUGGS
Crim. Law & Admiralty....Gen. J. R. CHALMERS

COURSE OF STUDY.

FIRST SESSION, JUNIOR CLASS—5 months.
Walker's American Law, Kent's Commentaries, Bishop on Criminal Law, Carpbell's History of a Law Suit, Stephen on Pleadings.
SECOND SESSION OF JUNIOR CLASS—5 months.
Parsons on Contracts, Parsons on Notes and Bills, Greenleaf on Evidence.
FIRST SESSION, SENIOR CLASS.
Adam's Equity Jurisprudence, Adam's Equity Pleading, Redfield on Wills, Hilliard on Mortgages, Parsons on Partnerships.
SECOND SESSION, SENIOR CLASS.
Washburn on Real Property, Taylor on Landlord and Tenant, Angell & Ames on Corporations, Story's Conflict of Laws, Parsons on Maritime Law, Franklin's U. S. Treaties.

Recitations and examinations each day at 4 o'clock. Moot Court once each week, and Appellate Court once each month, presided over by the Professors all together.

Students permitted to enter any Class, but no Diploma given except to those going through whole course.

Terms $25 per Session, payable in advance. Entrance Fee, $5 per Session.

All Students of Law can attend free of charge the Lectures of the College, including Lectures on Elocution and expansion of Latin and French by the Latin and French Professors.

Arrangements will be made to board and lodge Students at $25 per month. Applications should be made early. sol0

TAILORING, SCOURING
"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."
DYEING, SCOURING,
—AND—
REPAIRING,
Done at short notice by
ISAAC ISAACS,
541-2 Jefferson Street.
DYED AND MADE NEW AGAIN. SAVE A SUIT ONCE REPAIRED.
All orders executed with neatness and dispatch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when the WORK is done. mar3

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON
Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,
PREMIUM
SILK AND WOOLEN GOODS
216 Second Street,
BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.
SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Dyed in a superior style.
N. B.—No responsibility for Goods left in store after six months from date of order.

NO. 14 JEFFERSON STREET.
COME listen friends while I tell, my shop is On the rear of the I. X. L. Gents, call around, I'll give you a scrape, or, like Captain Bragg, a little more grape. I am on my own hook and on my own pan, my friends all say I'm a Conservative man. They may call me that or what they choose, they will find that I am all right on the goose. I am a Southern man tho' I am not white, yet I think the South is right; they gave me meat and gave me bread, I am agoing for the South till I go dead. Then, gents, come around at morn or noon, and get Shaved or Shampooned.
ja12 tf WM. DEMOSS.

M. J. MEACHAM, Formerly of Meacham & Gallbreath. A. C. TREADWELL, Formerly of Meacham & Love & Co.

MEACHAM & TREADWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Cotton Factors, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Plantation Supplies,
No. 9 UNION STREET,
Memphis : : : : Tennessee.
THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to them, they hope by unremitting attention to business to still merit a continuance of public favor.
Their facilities for storing and selling Cotton are unsurpassed by any house in the city. A commodious Brick Shed attached to their storehouse gives them immediate and constant oversight of all Cotton in store. All cotton consigned to us will be insured, unless instructions to the contrary.
Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices. ja15 1m

To Little Rock Shippers.
THE STEAMERS LIBERTY No. 2 AND COMMERCIAL will receipt Freight through to Little Rock, until further notice, at the following rates, viz:

Pound Freight.....60 cents per 100 pounds.
Flour.....$1 00 per barrel
Whisky.....$2 00 per barrel.
ja12 tf LEVY & MILLER, Agents, No. 5 Jefferson street.

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MEMPHIS APPEAL.

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Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

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JOHN AINSLIE, FINANCIAL EDITOR.
HARRY BEEE, LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.

Editorial Rooms—No. 14 JEFFERSON STREET, UP STAIRS.
Business Office—No. 13 JEFFERSON STREET.
Business Manager—JOHN AINSLIE.

AGENTS.

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PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

NO ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no staying of actions by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been dissolved; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is RIGHT; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR THE DISTRICT OF WEST TENNESSEE.

The following named gentlemen are hereby appointed a Central Executive Committee for the District of West Tennessee:

SHELBY COUNTY.—M. D. L. Stewart, Alfred T. Lacey, Jesse W. Page.
WEAKLEY COUNTY.—William P. Caldwell.
DYER COUNTY.—Charles Gibbs.
GIBSON COUNTY.—Wise A. Cooper.
MADISON COUNTY.—W. W. Gates.
HARDEMAN COUNTY.—Judge Miller.
MCNAIRY COUNTY.—S. L. Warren.

With full power to appoint a Congressional Executive committee for the 7th and 8th Congressional Districts of the State, with power to appoint Executive Committees for the several counties composing their respective Congressional Districts.

By order of the State Central Executive Committee of the Conservative party for the State of Tennessee.

☞ We are under obligations to Senator PATTERSON of this State for valuable public documents. He will please accept our thanks.

APPEAL JOB OFFICE.

We invite the attention of the friends of the APPEAL to the fact that we now have attached to it, and belonging to its proprietors, a complete Job Office, and are prepared to do, in the best style, all job-work for which we may be so fortunate as to receive orders. Our terms will be as reasonable as those of any other office, for work done in the same style, and we shall endeavour to do the work as well and as promptly as any other, hoping to give those whose custom we may obtain, entire satisfaction.

NON NOSTRUM TANTAS COMPONERE LITES.

We leave to the business-manager of the APPEAL and the editors of the *Avalanche* all controversy in regard to the circulation and terms of the respective journals. Like that in regard to the Postoffice advertising, it is one to which the editor-in-chief of the APPEAL has not been, is not, and does not propose to be a party. The business-manager is quite competent to conduct it, if he thinks the game worth the candles.

For ourselves, we can only say that, agreeable as the discussion of the respective merits of the editorials of the two papers might be, we do not care to engage in it. If ours are, as our well-bred and courteous neighbor suggests, 'ponderous,' we may hope that they are entitled to *weight*; and it is possible that our readers may prefer them to that *light* reading and those 'amenities of literature' which distinguish our cotemporary.

THE IMPORTANT QUESTION BEFORE THE COUNTRY AND ITS SOLUTION.

Under this heading, the New York *Herald* very forcibly says:

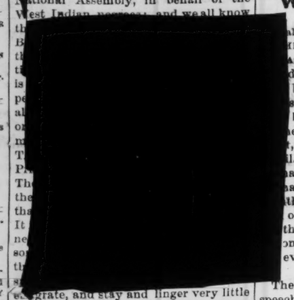
THE IMPORTANT QUESTION BEFORE THE COUNTRY AND ITS SOLUTION.

Shall this great and proud republic be governed by a negro balance of power? That is the important question now before the country. Shall thirty-five millions of the Caucasian race—the highest type of mankind—be ruled by a few millions of ignorant negroes, who are the lowest in the order of human beings, and who are scarcely removed from barbarism? Such a proposition would seem incredible were it not supported by facts. Some may doubt even whether such a monstrous idea would be seriously entertained by any party or faction, and may think that we state the case too broadly. There is, however, no exaggeration; it is the well known purpose of the Radicals to perpetuate their power, if possible, through the votes of the Southern negroes. This has been their policy all along. The reconstruction acts of Congress, disfranchising a large number of whites and enfranchising the blacks of the South, were passed for this purpose. The bitter feeling to the President, the threats of impeaching him, the scurrilous abuse of him, and all the legislation which has tended to intimidate and to take away his power, grew out of his opposition to this atrocious policy of the Radicals. The brutal and benighted Africans, just emancipated from slavery, and not knowing their right hands from their left, not knowing what a vote meant or what they vote for, have been given power with a view to deciding the Presidential election and the destiny of the republic. The intelligent white people of our own blood and race in the South have been placed under these barbarians, and the fairest and richest portion of the country is turned over to desolation, with the prospect of frightful starvation, demoralization and a war of races. And this is all done for no other motive or object than to keep the Radical party in control of the Government.

Not only so, but the South is given into the hands of spoilers, to be plundered, and the work of flogging goes on mercilessly. That always has been and always will be one of the consequences of despotism. Those who cannot resist are always robbed. There is a passage in "UNDER TWO FLAGS," a novel by OUIDA, that is hardly too strong to be applied to the Southern States. It is this:

"The locust-swarms that devour the land are the money-eaters, the petty despots, the bribe-takers, the men who coin gold out, of infamy, who traffic in tyrannies, who pander under official mes's, who curse Algiers with avarice, with fraud, with routine, with the hell-spawn of civilization. It is the "Bureaucratie," your tongue phrases it, that is the Spoiler and Oppressor of the Soil."

But the *Herald* is mistaken when it says that the spouting of Radical orators and emissaries about equality, the rights of man, the poor negro, and all that, is sheer hypocrisy and clap-trap. It is not all so. With many of all those who rant loudest and prate most volubly about equality and the rights of loyal negroes, men like JOHN A. LOGAN and others of that class, it is nothing else; but a vast number of Northern men do actually think that the negroes are in all respects their equals. They say so. They regard FRED. DOUGLAS, BRADLEY, and others who have earned a cheap reputation, as great men, whose success proves their race to be the peer of the Caucasian. No student of history forgets that a furor of the same kind was got up in the French National Assembly, in behalf of the West Indian negroes, and we all know



to grate, and stay and linger very little about home. They are always led by the nose, also, by a few political knaves. The same people that burned the Catholic Convent at Charleston, and were ready to mob GARRISON, are rabid now for negro equality.

The *Herald* says that they have refused to give suffrage to the negroes in the Northern States where they had the power to do it; but the immense majority of Radicals are eager to do it, and willing to see negroes in the Senate of the United States. The Conservative candidate carried Pennsylvania by a very small majority.

But the *Herald* truly says:

They are doing the utmost to make the ignorant and degraded blacks of the South a controlling political element in the Republic. Who ever heard of anything more inconsistent or monstrous? Such conduct seems like insanity, and could hardly be credited were there not examples in history of a similar character. The Jacobins in France shed rivers of blood in the name of humanity and equality, and the Puritan ancestors of our Jacobins of the present time were not less cruel and proscriptive in the name of religion and truth. The Radical revolutionists of France set up a strumpet to represent the Goddess of Reason and committed the foulest deeds under the pretention of progress and a higher philosophy. It is the same in all countries and ages under revolutionary Radicalism, whatever form it may take. It is so now with our nigger worshippers and radical revolutionists. Passion, fanaticism and political ambition have subverted reason. Everything must give way before their intolerant dogmas. Let the glorious institutions handed down to us by the fathers, this white man's government, so full of glory and happiness in the past and the future of our grand republic, perish for the sake of an irrational and impracticable theory. That is the policy of the radical Republicans. That is the cause of the trouble between the President and Congress. That is the great issue before the country—the issue to be decided in the next Presidential election.

HUMBUG.

A New York City weekly says that, "our Fathers left England for an idea—the equality of all men—proclaimed it on these western shores, fought to secure it, but, in haste for peace and union, forgot the idea for which they fought." Upon which the *Times* says: "It is curious to note how often a statement comes, by mere repetition, to be accepted as absolutely and undeniably true;" and adds:

We do not suppose many people who know anything of the actual history of the case give any weight to loose and inaccurate statements of this kind; but, with the mass of readers, it is rank heresy, if not treason, to question them, and they have a great deal to do with shaping the political opinion and action of the day. The "equality of all men," in the sense in which the phrase is now used, was probably the last idea the first Puritan emigrants from England thought of entertaining.

Everybody who knows anything at all about the early history of the country, certainly knows that, as Chief Justice TANEY proved in the DRED SCOTT case, the first settlers of New England, and their descendants acted uniformly on the principle, that "negroes had no rights which white men were bound to respect;" and considered them as in all respects chattels. The Quakers found very little of the "equality of all men" in Massachusetts, when they were hung, or, when the Puritans were in a merciful mood, had their ears grubbed out, on account of their religious opinions. How many years is it since Catholics were not allowed to vote in New Hampshire? When was a negro allowed to vote in New York, unless he possessed property to a certain value?

The "Fathers" did not leave England "for an idea—the equality of all men." They did not proclaim it, until the Declaration of Independence declared that all men were *born* equal; and then they did not mean to include the negro. They did not fight for it. They did not leave England or Holland for it. Some future historian will have more to do than NIEBUHR in regard to the early history of Rome, to detect and expose the mass of fiction, the suppressions of the truth and the suggestions of falsehood, that make up much of the early "history" of New England.

BUSINESS MATTERS.

Our neighbor, the *Avalanche*, gives rather free vent to his spleen in commenting on several short articles which we have lately written, to correct statements having a tendency to produce an erroneous impression, so far as the APPEAL was concerned.

When invidious comparisons are drawn by any morning paper, we not only consider it our right, but deem it a duty we owe to our readers, to lay the facts before them, and let them judge for themselves. In an Editorial in the *Avalanche* on the 22d inst., we find the following:

"Upon our commercial, local, money market and *telegraphic departments* we *expend* as much *space*, attention and *money as any paper in the city.*"

For the correctness of this statement we simply refer our readers to the telegraphic columns of the APPEAL and the *Avalanche*, not only at the time the above article was written, but for some time previous, and since.

As to whether the news contained in the specials to the APPEAL from Little Rock, Jackson, Miss., Washington City, or elsewhere, meets with the approval of the *Avalanche*, is a matter of perfect indifference to us, as it is no doubt to our readers.

Our neighbor's aversion to specials arises, probably, from *unpleasant* and *expensive experience*—for, if we mistake not, when they indulged in the "new humbug," as they facetiously term telegraphic news, in the shape of special dispatches, they regaled their readers with a long-winded account of a hanging affair at Newport, Ky., and a disgusting detail of a prize-fight at St. Louis, (which character of news we pride ourselves is not as acceptable to the *taste* of the readers of the APPEAL as the "dull and prosy" accounts of the Conventions,) the expense of which, judging from their length, must have disgusted them, for we noticed very few *specials* afterwards in their columns. It appears strange that our worthy neighbor would not, to use his own words, "publish, if furnished us (him) gratuitously, the dull, prosy and uninteresting doings of the Radical Conventions at Little Rock and Jackson"—when only a day or two before, his paper contained telegraphic accounts of the "doings of the Radical Conventions" at TALLAHASSEE, ATLANTA, RICHMOND, RALEIGH and NEW ORLEANS.

As to the attempt to make a little capital out of our change in rates, etc., and the slur in regard to the character of the editorials, we are willing to give them all the benefit they can derive from the former, and to leave to the *intelligent* and *refined* taste of our community, (not those so persistently courted by the *Avalanche* last summer), the merits of the latter.

We, as a matter of business, charge a reasonable price for *business* notices—whether of a charitable or political nature—and leave to the proprietors, individually, to give from their private means according to their ability or inclination, towards charitable or political objects.

In regard to the question of circulation we have nothing to add to our proposition made several months ago, A.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

SPECIALS TO APPEAL.

WASHINGTON.

[Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.]

MR. SEWARD IN A CLOSE PLACE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 25.—It is understood that at an early day the *Alta Vila* Island question, involving the rights of certain African citizens who have been dispossessed thereof by force by the part of the Dominican Government, will be laid before the public in full. It is said Secretary Seward will be made to appear in no creditable light in that connection. In that case, some months since, Judge Black convicted him of wilful falsehood in his representations to the President having taken certain action, and the President declared he had never even heard of the case.

SPEECHES FOR BUNCOMBE.

The time of the House was devoted to speech-making all day, and sundry representatives delivered themselves of speeches which will be duly sent to their constituents.

FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

The Third National Bank of Nashville, Tenn., having deposited the necessary securities with the Treasurer of the United States, has been designated as a depository of public moneys and financial agent of the United States.

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

Gen. Runkle, of the Freedmen's Bureau in Kentucky, this morning had a long interview with Secretary Stanton, during which he urged the continuance of the bureau in that State.

BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT.

Among important cases now before the Supreme Court is that of Willard vs. Taylor. In 1854 Mr. Taylor agreed to convey to Willard, at any time during the coming ten years, the building known as the Mansion House adjacent to Willard's Hotel, for a specified sum. After the breaking out of the war, Willard declared his readiness to accept the proffered terms, and tendered his first payment in greenbacks. Mr. Taylor demanded gold, and Mr. Willard now seeks to hold him to the performance of his contract on the ground that greenbacks are a legal tender.

SPECULATION AND NATIONAL BANKS.

In response to the inquiry of the House to-day, the Comptroller of the Currency says he has reliable information that the National Banks are not in the habit of loaning their money in fancy stocks of fictitious values. He further says he is not able to reply affirmatively that he knows the officers of the banks are not engaged in speculative operations, having no authority under the law to investigate private or personal transactions of bank officers; but a common prudence on the part of bank directors and stockholders would forbid the retention in office of a person so engaged.

ARKANSAS.

BLACK AND TAN CONVENTION.

AFTER THE MONEY.

DEBATE ON ELECTIONS.

[Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.]

LITTLE ROCK, January 25.—In the Convention to-day the per diem and mileage question was reconsidered and changed, and a bill allowing eight dollars per diem and thirty cents mileage both ways was passed again.

Hind's resolution to memorialize Congress to amend the bankrupt laws, making it only necessary to file a schedule, etc., in the clerk's office to get a release, was adopted.

Brooks' resolution, to appoint Hodges a messenger to confer with the Commanding General, relative to drawing money out of the Treasury, was adopted.

Hinds made a motion to adopt the majority report of the Committee on Elections, in reference to Moore and Harman, of Ashley county, which report alleges to intimidate, and threats were proved to have been used to secure the election; declaring the people of Ashley county in a state of lawlessness.

Norman and Moore, in lengthy speeches, denounced it as false. The discussion took a wide range, many participating, and the report was finally adopted.

The Convention Adjourned.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, January 25.—The Fenian excitement still continues and arrests are made every day. A man named Michael Gough was captured last evening, while posting seditious handbills on the Mansion House. Thomas Simon, Sheriff of the Island of Aldemey, an alleged Fenian, was indentified yesterday, promptly apprehended, and sent to prison to await trial.

Considerable feeling was created by the recent resolutions in the United States House of Representatives, declaring that the sympathy of the nation was with the Fenians.

The journals of the city severely criticise this expression of unfriendly feeling towards England.

PARIS, January 25.—The Imperial Government has issued an official note addressed to the Prefects of the several departments of France, announcing the new army law, and arguing that instead of being a war measure it is a pledge of continued peace.

MADRID, January 25.—There is official information that another insurrection has been planned by Carlisle in Catalonia and Aragonia, and active measures have been taken to thwart the movement.

VIENNA, January 25.—The Arch Duke Albrich has been named Inspector of the Austrian army.

LONDON, January 25.—A silly rumor prevails that Prussia has secured the use of the United States Navy in case of a war.

PARIS, January 25.—Ten of the public newspapers in this city have been fined one thousand francs each, for printing illegal reports of the proceedings of the Corps Legislatift.

LONDON, January 25.—Dispatches have been received here, giving accounts of very serious anti-ministerial riots in Prague, Bohemia, since the 20th inst., announce the suppression of the disorder without bloodshed.

It is announced that either the North German, Lloyds, or the American Company, will dispatch a steamer to New York next week; the reason is not stated.

FROM VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, January 25.—The *habeas corpus* case, before Judge Underwood, to test the constitutionality of the Reconstruction Act, was to-day adjourned until Wednesday. The commander of Libby prison, produced the prisoner, and made a return that he was held by order of Gen. Schofield under the Reconstruction acts. The prisoner was represented by four prominent lawyers, all of whom are members of the Conservative State Central Committee, which body brings the case up with the intention of carrying it to the Supreme Court.

The Convention transacted no business of importance to-day.

FROM RALEIGH.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 25.—The Convention has been in session two weeks, but as yet has made no report on the constitution. But little was done to-day. Mr. Compton, of Carter county, proposed an ordinance to the following effect: "That the Convention has the right to declare and does hereby declare that all the laws passed, and the acts which have been passed by the previous Legislatures and Conventions in this State are null and void, and shall remain so until the meeting of the General Assembly, except the laws relating to marriage."

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 25.—Charles A. Dana announces that the *Sun* newspaper has become the property of an association represented by him, and will hereafter be issued from Old Tammany Hall. Dana announces that while he will not change the principles or policy of the *Sun*, he will support Grant for the Presidency and advocate economy in the expenditures of the Government, reduction in taxation, and the speedy restoration of the Southern States.

FROM DELAWARE, OHIO.

DELAWARE, OHIO, January 25.—Rev. Geo. W. Brush, of the Central Ohio Conference, committed suicide this afternoon by hanging.

MISSISSIPPI.

RADICAL CONVENTION.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE

[Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.]

JACKSON, January 25.—Morgan offered a report from the Select Committee, requesting Gen. Gillem to suspend the collection of the poll tax for 1867, on all persons denied representation.

Guthrie thought this exempted everybody.

Field opposed the movement. He said: "We are only clerks to the military, who are here to govern those matters. We have nothing to do with these measures. Such action would only bring us into contempt with the military." The report was returned to the Committee.

The Judiciary Committee reported the following:

A bill amending sections 2114 and 2117 of the Code of Tennessee, by striking out $500, and inserting $1000 in lieu thereof, repealing section 2115 of the Code, and exempting from sale in the hands of each mechanic in the State, the head of a family, materials used in his trade of the value of $150.

The House refused to concur in the report. The question being on the amendment offered by Mr. Cagle to the bill recommended by the special committee, striking out all of the bill except the enacting clause, and exempting, in lieu of all other exemptions of property, a homestead to heads of families of 160 acres of farming and wood land, or a house and lot in any town, city or village, such homestead to be of no greater value than $1000; and in addition to such homestead, personal property of the value of $1000; and like property of the value of $100 for each child of such family under the age of twelve years; providing that such homestead shall not be sold by the husband without consent of the wife; and exempting property of the value of $100 in the hands of unmarried persons of the age of twenty-one years; and in all cases one Bible, hymn book, school books and necessary wearing apparel. The amendment was adopted—40 to 32, and the bill passed the second reading—38 to 35.

TENNESSEE ITEMS.

—Mr. L. Dow Wheeler, general agent and collector, had a blanket thrown over his head while he was robbed, at Nashville, of over $300, on Wednesday morning last, just before daylight.

—Ex-Deputy Marshal Jim Steele, of Nashville, slipped on the ice and broke his arm on Tuesday night.

—The Nashville *Banner* has donned a new dress, increased its editorial force, and presents not only an improved appearance, but all the energy requisite for a live newspaper.

—On Wednesday, a merchant, who was en route for the East to buy goods, was robbed of $5200 on the Nashville and Chattanooga train; between Murfreesboro and Chattanooga.

—They are trying experiments at Nashville as to the explosive force of Coal and Aurora oils. With two gills of the latter the head of a new barrel was blown out.

—A hog seized a baby, and before the mother could reach it, had partially devoured the child. She had placed it on the floor and gone to the spring, about one hundred yards off, and was induced to return by its cries, only to see the mangled remains of her child.

—Peter Gray, who lived near Tuzeweil, committed suicide because he had sold his crop of corn by contract for $510 less than he could have got for it.

—Brownlow declines running for President in favor of Grant, feeling that the latter has the greater claims.

GENERAL NEWS.

—The Paris *Citizen* of the 10th says that about three hundred thousand dollars changed hands in that place the day before, through the Northern Bank, "although money seemed to be scarce, and the cry of 'hard times' was in everybody's mouth."

—The Lexington (Ky.) *Observer and Reporter* estimates the number of negroes in that city at ten thousand, many of whom live by means that are anything but reputable.

—The bill regulating the navigation of the inland waters of the country, which, is exciting great interest among steamboatmen, will soon be reported from the Committee on Commerce.

—The report in the Northern papers that the Ways and Means Committee have agreed to recommend a reduction of the whisky tax is not correct. They have not decided the question.

—It is said that Senators Fessenden, Trumbull, and others, have been in consultation to devise means to defeat the Supreme Court bill in the Senate.

—An effort is being made to get Colorado admitted as a State.

—The special dispatches published in the New York *Herald* on the 18th, from Cincinnati, stating that a defalcation to the amount of $300,000 had been discovered in the Hamilton county (Ohio) treasury is authoritatively denied. There is no truth in the statement whatever.

—The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, the New York *Evening Post*, the Brooklyn *Union*, the New York *Times*, the Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* and New York *Commercial Advertiser*, refuse to support the proposed usurpations of Congress.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ISHAM G. HARRIS,
Attorney at Law,
OFFICE IN BETHELL BLOCK, CORNER OF South Court and Main streets, Memphis, Tennessee. Jan24 tf

Chamber of Commerce.
THE regular Monthly Meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will be held at the Merchants Exchange, on MONDAY, the 27th inst., at 3 o'clock p.m. Punctual attendance is requested. JOHN BEART,
Jan26 1t Secretary.

New Orleans Fruit Store.
ESTABLISHED FOR 30 YEARS. A. TORRE & Co., wholesale dealers and importers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, No. 3 Canal street, New Orleans. Sales made on the levee on commission on all kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, Poultry, etc. Jan25 lawlm-6m

Case No. 161.
In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of H. Beahm & Co., Bankrupts. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee, ss.
To whom it may concern:
THIS undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of H. Beahm & Co., of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition, by the District Court of said district.
Memphis, Tenn., this 25th day of January, A.D., 1868. WILLIAM Y. CRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 499 Main street, Waldran Block. Jan26 lawlw

MANUFACTORY,
No. 13 Barclay St., New York.
A. W. SPROULE & CO., Sproule & Mansfield, St. Louis. Louisville.
SPROULE & McCOWN, New Orleans. SPROULE & McCOWN, Vicksburg.

SPROULE & McCOWN,
221 MAIN STREET,
Under Worsham House,
MEMPHIS, TENN.,
INFORM THE PUBLIC THEY ARE NOW preparing for the
SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE.
Gentlemen wishing to give special
ORDERS FOR SPRING SUITS
Will please call. As heretofore, we
BUY EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH,
Have no manufacturing profit to pay, and with
Greatly Reduced Expenses,
We intend selling our stock at prices which will make it to the interest of all to
Purchase First Class Goods.
Jan26 1m

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.

NASHVILLE, January 23.—In the Senate, an act to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors to students at school. Passed.

An act to require railroads to carry deaf, dumb, blind and insane persons to and from their respective institutions free of charge. Passed.

The following passed the third reading:

An act to amend Section 4891 of the Code in regard to jurors.

An act to incorporate the Nashville Colored Benevolent Association.

An act to amend an act compensating justices and jurors.

An act to remove the county seat of Obion county.

In the House, a bill to invite capital and encourage mining and manufacturing in this State. Passed first reading, and referred.

To provide for the election of a clerk for the law court of Memphis, and for other purposes. Passed second reading.

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A bill amending sections 2114 and 2117 of the Code of Tennessee, by striking out $500, and inserting $1000 in lieu thereof, repealing section 2115 of the Code, and exempting from sale in the hands of each mechanic in the State, the head of a family, materials used in his trade of the value of $150.

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Have no manufacturing profit to pay, and with
Greatly Reduced Expenses,
We intend selling our stock at prices which will make it to the interest of all to
Purchase First Class Goods.
Jan26 1m

NEW ADVERTISEMN'TS

FOR SALE OR RENT—The Malone (or old McNeal) Plantation, situated on the bank of the river, a few miles below Sunflower Landing, Mississippi. Six or seven hundred acres in cultivation, with good farming implements, ten head plow stock, and 1000 to 1500 bushels corn. This is one of the highest places on the river. Apply to PARTEE & HARBERT, No. 14 Monroe street. Jan26 1m

APPEAL
BOOK AND
JOB OFFICE,
No. 13
JEFFERSON STREET.
WE DESIRE TO CALL THE ATTENTION of our friends to the fact that we have, in connection with the APPEAL newspaper, an extensive and complete
JOB OFFICE,
And are prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work in a manner unsurpassed by any Job Office in the South.
BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
WEDDING CARDS and
FANCY COLORED CARDS.
In every variety, and at prices THE LOWEST.
BILL HEADS
On any quality of paper—prices accordingly.
CHECKS,
DRAFTS,
BILLS LADING,
DRAY TICKETS,
SHIPPING TAGS,
DRUG LABELS,
And every variety of Mercantile Printing.
BOOK PRINTING
Our office is well stocked with Book Type, of various styles, and our facilities for executing
CONSTITUTIONS,
BY-LAWS,
CATALOGUES,
—AND—
PAMPHLETS OF ALL KINDS,
Are complete in every particular.
RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT PRINTING.
Railroad Officers and Steamboat Agents in want of
FINE PRINTING
Are requested to give us a trial, and we will guarantee satisfaction.
INSURANCE PRINTING.
We are also prepared to execute ALL KINDS of printing for Insurance Agents in a superior style.
In fact we are able to execute everything in Printing Line, in a style and at prices entirely satisfactory to our customers, and hope that the public may extend to us a liberal share of their patronage. Jan26

INTERNAL REVENUE NOTICE.
LINES of Railroad and Steamboats terminating at this point are hereby requested to deliver no Cotton from Mississippi to the consignees without a special order from this office.
If the above request is not strictly complied with, we shall be under the necessity of discontinuing the Agency of the Mississippi office at this place, and to assess and collect the tax upon Cotton on the lines of Railroads and River.
C. S. SEVERSON,
S. H. MOORE,
Assistant Assessor 3d District Mississippi.
Memphis, January 25, 1868. Jan26 2t

SADDLERY & HARNESS
Bridles,
Whips,
Blankets,
Trunks, Etc.,
AT HALF PRICE—DAMAGED BY THE late fire in the Woodruff Block.
C. N. CASE, Jr., & CO.,
177 Main street,
Sign of the Golden Stirrup,
Jan26 3m Woodruff Block.

Trustee's Sale.
BY virtue of a Deed of Trust to me executed by T. P. Chambers and wife Henrietta, D. Chambers and C. C. Chambers, on the 25th day of May, 1867, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 86, part 1, pages 624 et seq. Also in the county of Tallahatchie, and Sunflower, in the State of Mississippi, for the purpose of securing the payment of certain indebtedness therein stated, I will on
On Tuesday, 25th day Feb. 1868,
at 12 o'clock m., at the southeast corner of Court square, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, and at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash the following described real estate and personal property, in said deed of trust conveyed to me, viz: All of section 12 and section 13, the south half of section 14, southeast ¼ and east ½ of the southwest ¼, of section 15, northeast ¼ of section 22, all of section 23, and northwest ¾ of section 24 all in township 22, range 3 west, and lying and being in the county of Sunflower and State of Mississippi. Also, a lot of land lying and being in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, and described as follows: Beginning at a stake on the north side of Linden street, 66 feet east of the intersection of Linden with Lauderdale streets, thence northwardly and parallel with Lauderdale street, (10) one hundred and sixty feet, to a stake on an alley, thence westwardly and with the south side of said alley (40) forty feet, to a stake on said alley at the northeast corner of Mrs Thompson's lot, thence southwardly with the east line of Mrs Thompson's lot, and parallel with Lauderdale street (10) one hundred and sixty feet, to a stake on Linden street, which is likewise Mrs. Thompson's southeast corner, thence eastwardly with the north line of Linden street, (40) forty feet, to a stake on the beginning corner. Said lot fronts (40) forty feet on Lauderdale, and runs back (160) one hundred and sixty feet, the same being part of lot No. 26, in block No. 57.

Also the following piece or parcel of land, lying and being in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, and being the north end of a tract of 31 77-100 acres, bought by R. W. Price of Samuel Mansfield, and described thus: Beginning at a gum tree in the centre of the new state Line road or Union avenue, at the northeast corner of a tract of land purchased by Wm. Cooper, from R. A. Rozell; thence southward with the centre of the county road, between the lands of Mr. C. Trezevant and said Cooper tract, (14) fourteen chains, thirty-two links; then west eight chains and four links to a stake; thence north fifteen chains and seven links to the centre of said new State Line road; thence with the centre of said new state Line road or Union avenue, to the beginning containing eleven 77-100 acres; together with the following described personal property: Twenty head of horses and mules, on the farm of T. P. & C. C. Chambers, in the county of Tallahatchie, State of Mississippi, two (2) six-horse wagons, and one (1) two-horse wagon on the same farm.

The equity of redemption in said real estate is waived, and title believed to be good, but I convey only as trustee. W. P. WILSON,
WILSON & BEARD, Attorneys. Trustee.
January 23, 1868—Ja 24.

BOOKS.
LAW BOOKS,
School Books,
Novels,
And a Fine Stock of Stationery,
—AT—
O. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,
No. 312 Second Street,
Corner of Monroe.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Wm. W. Cox,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 4 Lumkin's Row, Huntsville, Ala., Receiver of Goods on Consignment, Collector of Claims, Real Estate and Stock Agent. Any necessity references, if required. Ja25 1m

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between S. Lehman and Mat Stein, under the firm style of LEHMAN & STEIN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mat Stein, the remaining partner, assumes all liabilities, and all accounts outstanding are

EMPHIS APPEAL.

ffice---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

ITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
rough Mail (daily).....	2:34 p.m.	2:00 p m
and Junction Accom'd'n		
daily except Sunday).....	8:3 p.m.	10:30 a m
nerville Accommodation		
daily except Sunday).....	8:55 a.m.	5:10 p.m

ailroad Time is 15 minutes faster than city
e.
cket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

mphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE
Express.....	7:00 a.m.	3:30 p.m
ht Express.....	2:30 p.m.	9:15 a.m

ailroad Time 15 minutes faster than city.
cket offices No. 237½ Main street and at De-
head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

ississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Orleans Express, daily	3:25 p.m.	4:0 p.m.
ila accom'n Ex Sunday,	10:30 a.m.	10:50 a.m.
ght, daily, save Sunday,	3:15 p.m.	5:45 a.m.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. ja5

CLOSING OF MAILS.

ill further notice the Mails will close as
ws:
atro, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louis-
e, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Phila-
phia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Balti-
re, and all cities north and west, at
p.m.
Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington,
nata, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mo-
, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities
th and east, at 12:45 p.m.
ew Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss.,
ksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at
p.m.
ations on Mississippi and Tennessee,
thern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great
thern railroads at 3:30 p.m.
ations on Memphis and Louisville and
nch railroads at 2:30 p.m.
ations on Memphis and Charleston, Mis-
ppi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville
Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and
Tennessee railroads at 12:45 p.m.
ittle Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings
Arkansas and Whitenivers, (semi-weekly),
days and Saturdays.
ppi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tues-
s and Saturdays.
ssippi river—north, (semi-weekly) Mon-
s and Fridays.
R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

REMOVAL.

friends will remember that the APPEAL
ess OFFICE is now located at No. 13 Jef-
n street.

EDITORIAL ROOMS of the APPEAL have
removed to No. 14 Jefferson street, up-
where we will be glad to see our friends
times.

RECTORY OF CONSERVATIVE COL-
MEN WANTING EMPLOYMENT
ngo Johnson, Benley Mitchell, Wm.
bins, Westley Littlejohn, Dennis
ing, Edward Crawford, Edward
d, Monroe Parham, Sam Crogham,
Foster, Harry Brown, John Pool,
Adams, Nick Alexander, William
loss. Men who desire to be pat
ed.

DER T. W. CASKEY will preach at
en street Christian Church to-day at
m. and 7 p.m.

RST BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. R.
ves preaches in this Church to-day
he usual hours, morning and even-

RST METHODIST CHURCH.—Bishop
in will preach at this church this
oon at 11 o'clock, and also at night
o'clock.

NTRAL METHODIST CHURCH, on
n street; Sabbath school at 9 a.m.,
preaching at 11 o'clock. Rev. W.
atterson, pastor.

EV. L. C. RANSOM will preach at the
Cumberland Presbyterian Church,
t street, at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sun-
school at 9 a.m.

EV. BISHOP MARVIN will address the
odist Sunday schools of the city this
ing at three o'clock, at the Central
odist Church, on Union street.

OPES OF RECOVERY.—Street Com-
loner Tom Malone, who was shot at
court-room Friday night, is in a fair
of recovery. Drs. Cavanaugh
Frayser are his physicians.

E Committee of citizens on corpora-
affairs are requested to meet at the
or's room on Monday evening next
7th, at three o'clock p.m. Punctual
ndance requested.

HERE can I go to make money?
advice is, attend the sales at the
ade. They sell stock at 10 o'clock
dry goods and furniture at 2 o'clock
y day, at great sacrifices. ja26 1w

R JOB OFFICE.—The well regulated
Office of the APPEAL is now in full
ation. All orders left at our count-
room, No. 13 Jefferson street, will be
nptly attended to. We promise our
ons full satisfaction in every par-
ar.

NT UP.—Negroes have a penchant
tealing cotton. Two of the colored
dren, called Printy Still and Sandy
s, were arrested yesterday for too
h love of the staple, and after a
ful hearing before Justice Walton
sent up accordingly.

RESTED.—John Cosgrove was ar-
d yesterday by Sheriff Winters,
ged with shooting Tom Malone.
arrest was made on the declaration
e wounded man. Cosgrove was put
rison, and will probably be brought
re a Justice to-morrow.

E WEATHER.—Yesterday was one
e most pleasant days of the season.
Sol was not stingy of his smiles. He
e out in all his beauty, making peo-
feel bright and joyous, whether they
d or no. It clouded up towards
ight, but we have good reason to
for brighter days.

LL VALUE.—Our Union street co-
orary says we will either have to
te their example in cutting down,
under. We do not propose to do
r. In case we are compelled to re-
our size, we will at least give our
rs fair notice, and will not charge
for a whole loaf while only a half
een furnished.

LEGRAMS.—The following telegrams
ain, undelivered, in the office: Ja-
Massena, Dr. Henry Ladd, Mrs.
y Barry, David Meade, Mary Jen-
s, Henry Lyons, 2, H. Brinkley, E. T.
ins, C. P. Norris, A. S. Walcott,
nas Trout & Sons, T. S. Ayres, U.
Speers, J. M. Anderson & Co., J. J.
n.

E GRAB GAME.—An ancient look-
olored individual, from Arkansas,
to grief yesterday. He was foolish
gh to look at some sample locks and
somewhat inclined to bet on the
ing, by which speculation he lost
t twenty-five dollars. A colored
er, named Tom Jefferson, grabbed
pocket book, broke and run. He
captured by the police.

ORE SHOOTING.—Another shooting
r occurred yesterday in which very
y people were frightened but nobody
. It appears that at the sale of fur-
re at the Harvey House, No. 101
rson street, words ran high between
ladies. The consequence was that
lemen friends of the contestants
called in and exchanged shots.
parties are in the custody of the
iff.

OLEN PROPERTY.—Martin B. Rey-
, who keeps a junk store on the
er of Charleston avenue and Jeffer-
street, was arrested by the police
erday, charged with having stolen
s in his possession. It appears that
officers of the law found on his
mises the manhead of a boiler, the
erty of Jno. C. Powers. The accused
bound over by Justice Walton, in
um of two thousand dollars, for his
earance at the Criminal Court.

ALENTINES.—At Emmons, No. 10
rson street, a most superb assort-
t of Valentines, suited to all tastes,
been received, and are at various
es as per quality, from five cents to
en dollars. They are also for sale at
393 Main street. Also, Littell's
ng Age, Harper's, Putnam's, Lip-
ott's and Demorest's Magazines, the
nney Corner, Kelley's Weekly,
ntific American, Wilkes' Spirit,
York Clipper, Law Magazine, and
New York, St. Louis, Cincinnati,
ieville and Chicago papers.

ERSONAL.—We understand that the
Dr. Nicholson has accepted the
oral charge of Grace Church during
temporary absence of Rev. Mr.
oke, and will officiate there to-morrow
0½ a.m. We learn that a daughter of
Nicholson, said to be a fine vocalist,
unite with the choir to-day for the
time.
en. Charles H. Sargeant, the general
e South of that distinguished
paper, the Cincinnati *En-*
l in our *sanctum* yesterday
eable hour, but went to
ing, showing that
the old Rock

[COMMUNICATED.]

WHITE'S STATION, SHELBY CO., Jan. 23, '68.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

In perusing the DAILY APPEAL in regard to the proceedings of the Central Committee of this county, and the proceedings of the Civil Districts of the county, I see meetings of the Districts at Germantown, some time since, appointing delegates to the Convention to assemble in Memphis on the 14th of February; and at White's Station, they assembled and appointed delegates to the same Convention, some time since.

The Central Committee of the county have set the 8th day of February for the Civil Districts of the county to appoint delegates to said Convention, saying they cannot vote by proxy, and requesting that all should act in concert. Now, as you publish a paper, ought you not to urge the people of the Districts to elect such delegates as can be received, and have a vote in selecting candidates for the various offices in the county? As the thing now stands, nothing but discord may result, both in nominations and voting at the election, and party is not potential enough to cause a man to vote contrary to his judgment.

T****.

We delayed publishing this note, to read it again, that we might understand its drift, but acknowledge we are still in doubt as to its meaning. The announcement of the Central Committee which has been kept standing in our columns, was thought to be entirely clear and without circumlocution. It set apart the 8th of February for the time of selecting delegates, that a fair expression of the wards and districts might be had, without one interfering with the choice of another, but did not preclude any district or ward, if it so elected, to suit its own convenience, from appointing their delegates at an earlier day, due notice in the usual way being given to the voters thereof. The 8th of February was designated, because it would afford time to ascertain if the delegates appointed would attend on the 14th, which was necessary as no proxies are to be received. We presume that no delegates will be appointed who will not "be received and have a vote in selecting candidates," and that no "discord" will "result," after the nominations shall have been determined on, howsoever much men may differ while they are pending, and that the same rule will work in "voting at the election." Those who do not intend to stand by their party without reference to men, ought to abstain from any participation in the primary meetings or the Convention, but fold their arms and express their indifference, or go over to the enemy at once. If there be neighborhood difficulties and personal animosities, let them be settled in the respective neighborhoods. It is expected that all the delegates will assemble in Convention, that every delegate will have a right to be heard there, have a voice in its deliberations, and be governed by its conclusions. If two sets of delegates should have been, or should be, selected previously, the difficulty can and should be obviated at the most convenient voting place in the districts by a public meeting on the 8th of February, but if that should fail, the Convention will determine who are properly delegates.

DISTRICT NO. 1, SHELBY COUNTY, TENN.,
January 18, 1868.

According to a previous notice, many of the citizens of said District met at New Salem, in convention, to nominate delegates to the County Convention to be held at Memphis, to nominate candidates for county officers on the Conservative ticket. John S. Dickerson moved that Dr. S. C. Maddux be called to the chair, and that Capt. T. N. Hughes act as Secretary. The chairman stated the object of the meeting. It was then moved and carried that the chairman appoint four delegates to said Convention, who appointed John S. Dickerson, Esq., Dr. M. Wilberington, Esq., Capt. T. N. Hughes and E. H. Cobb. It was ordered that the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the Memphis *Avalanche* and APPEAL for publication in the news column.

S. C. MADDUX, Chairman.
T. N. HUGHES, Secretary.

County Commissioner.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

I agree most fully with the sensible views of your correspondent, "Tax Payer," in reference to the importance of by all means selecting a first class man to succeed F. W. Louis as *County Commissioner*. While each official station in the county has important interests connected with it under all the circumstances, considering the prostrate condition of our affairs, the heavy taxes already weighing down the community, and the great need of retrenchment in every department, the duties and responsibilities at this time of County Commissioner are perhaps more vital to the well being of the community, both city and county, than those of any other county official. Hence the necessity, as your correspondent suggests, of putting in that place a substantial, well known citizen who is in full sympathy with our tax ridden people. And as it is expected that the county will present a man of her own choosing, the city lays no claims to this officer, permit me to suggest that Esquire Wm. C. Ward, of Big Creek, who will probably be presented to the coming Conservative Convention as the unanimous choice of the country delegation for County Commissioner, be taken up also by the city delegates without division, and thus add strength to their candidates in the coming all important contest.

Esquire Ward was born and raised in Shelby county, and has been identified extensively with the planting interests of the county all his life, and no man knows more thoroughly the wants of our people in reference to such matters as are likely to come before the Board of Commissioners. A thoroughly practical man, with the advantages of the best education and mental training, pleasing address and personal popularity, Esquire Ward would certainly be "the right man in the right place" in looking after the interests, as Commissioner, of the community in which he has lived all his life, and will add great strength to the ticket, perhaps more than any man who will be upon it.

PLANK ROAD.

[COMMUNICATED.]

City Finances.

To the Committee of Ten and Finance Committee:

I would respectfully suggest a plan for their consideration:

1st. Allow all the taxes due the city (on real estate) up to January 1, 1868, to be paid in scrip at par.

2d. Recommend to the Mayor and Aldermen that the assessment of property for 1868 shall be at a fair cash valuation.

3d. Require that one-third (or one half) the tax for 1868 shall be paid in cash, and the balance in scrip, the latter not to be received without the former. The city will then receive a revenue that can be depended on to defray expenses, and all amounts that may be advanced to the city for immediate relief, with interest added, should be credited on the cash payment due for taxes.

Suppose the entire taxes (on real estate) on a fair cash value, were to aggregate $800,000, then let the cash *pro rata* be one-half, or $400,000; or if the total should be $750,000, or over, then one-third cash would doubtless be sufficient. The burden will then be borne equally by all tax payers.

NINTH WARD.

[COMMUNICATED.]

LAW AND CRIMINAL COURT.—Not having been called upon by "many friends," "many voters," "Conservative," "Visitor," etc., to become a candidate for County Trustee, I have, after *deliberation* of three weeks, and at the *urgent solicitation of myself*, consented to become a candidate. I make this announcement that my friends may be spared the trouble and expense of *urging* upon me an office I *desire* to have.

A. WOODWARD.

[The above card should have been published yesterday; one of the editors accidentally mislaid it. A good thing, however, is never too late.—LOCAL ED.]

[COMMUNICATED.]

Editors Memphis Appeal:

On the 22d inst, my fine store house on Main street, Nos. 176, 178, 178½ and 180 were partially destroyed by fire. The buildings were insured by the Ætna Insurance Company, Hartford, H. A. Littleton & Co., agents; and by the Putnam, of Hartford, and Enterprise, of Cincinnati, Messrs. Vredenburg & Sylvester, agents. To-day the above agents voluntarily offered me a settlement for the damages and promptly paid the amount in full. I call such promptness in these times very commendable indeed, and cordially recommend these companies, as deserving of the patronage of the public.

ERNEST LEVY.

MEMPHIS, January 25, 1868.

[COMMUNICATED.]

MEMPHIS, January 25, 1868.

To the Public:

I would respectfully notify the public against taking insurance in the following offices, to-wit: The Mississippi Insurance Company, of Memphis, C. P. Norris, President, J. R. Stebbins, Secretary; also the Ætna Insurance Company, of Hartford, Connecticut: Provided the parties insuring wish to obtain a speedy and fair adjustment of their policies in case of loss. Respectfully,

DAN ABLE.

Missouri Republican, St. Louis; Cincinnati Commercial and Cincinnati Enquirer please insert one week, and send bill to Dan Able & Co., St. Louis, Mo. Ja26 1w

GOLDEN STIRRUP.—At the sign of the golden stirrup, C. N. Chase [illegible] selling off their stock

DRAMATIC RESUME.—Since the conclusion of Mr. Booth's engagement, which was brilliant in the extreme, there has been a general lack of interest manifested in theatrical matters. The stock company essayed *Under the Gaslight* on Monday evening, but the manager's receipts were in the dark. Mr. Adams commenced an engagement on Tuesday evening as "Hamlet," with a trifling improvement. On Wednesday his "Rover" in *Wild Oats* met with no better success. On Thursday his "Robert Landry" was a continuation of the same, and on Friday (for his benefit) *The Heretic* and *The Dramatist* did not draw half a house. On Saturday the performances of "William" in *Black Eyed Susan*, and *The Drunkard*, are noticed elsewhere. It was a bad week for Mr. Adams, who is really a fair actor, more than respectable in whatever character he undertakes, and sometimes reaching a high standard. Following immediately after Booth's unprecedented success, although the difference in the respective merit of the actors did not warrant the difference in the audiences, was, to say the least, unfortunate. The weather, too, was unpropitious, which however expensive it was to pay hack hire to see the actor in vogue, the fashionables were not willing to repeat to witness the impersonations of one without the same prestige. The week was a pecuniary loss to the management and the actor, although a cotemporary stretched the blanket in saying that "a large and at the same time, fashionable audience greeted the talented young tragedian, Mr. Edwin Adams, on the occasion of his benefit." Mr. Adams *was* a "young tragedian" several years ago, and if he had a *clear half*, his benefit secured enough to pay his board. We do not say this in disparagement of the actor, but in courtesy to truth.

—On Tuesday next the Lotti Opera Troupe will appear at the Theater in the Opera of Martha, Floton's *chef de'auvre*. We shall speak of them as they deserve, with the heralding that they gave great satisfaction at Louisville, and are highly appreciated at Nashville. The *Dispatch* says: "Nothing takes in Nashville like the Opera, and Lotti's seems to have the popular heart in its keeping."

—Mr. Leo Wheat's second Concert will take place to-morrow evening, on which occasion he will be assisted by the best musical talent of the city. It is properly announced in another column. The lovers of music have a delicious banquet in store.

—Capt. Crisp has opened the Perkins Theater at Houston, Texas.

—The New York *Observer* thinks the employment of the Opera singers in the Church choirs is for the pleasure of the people, and not for the glory of God.

—A Houston, Texas, correspondent of the *Picayune* says: We have had the present week two large circuses, which was one more than could make anything. Lahlis' was one; Height's was the other. Both were good, but it was more horse opera than we needed.

—Mr. Kean Buchanan played *Shylock* at Bridgeport, Conn., on the 15th last., it being the last night of his engagement there.

—An actor at a Troy theater, disturbed by the premature rising and departure of the audience, stepped to the footlights and remarked: "Those unmannerly persons in the audience who are rushing for the sidewalk at the foot of the stairs, so as to be in time to stare at the ladies, can leave. When they get out, the piece will close!" It had the desired effect.

—There are few places of fashionable amusement in New York or Brooklyn that pay better than Plymouth Church, on the boards of which Henry Ward Beecher is the leading actor. Tuesday night last the boxes in the dress circle were sold for the year at auction. One hundred and forty of these, the aggregate price of which amounts to $8794, brought in in excess of the price the premium of $26,377. The highest premium for single pews were those paid for No. 90, $425, by Mr. H. W. Sage; No. 89, $325, by Mr. H. C. Bowen; No. 86, $310, by Mr. R. S. Benedict; No. 57, $300, by Mr. H. B. Claflin; No. 55, $300, by Mr. J. Heward.

—Mr. W. H. Hough, formerly the agent of, and for the past four years manager of John Robinson's circus and menagerie, resigned his position, to take effect on the 20th inst., with a view of engaging in other business.

—One hundred thousand dollars would not purchase the diamonds worn by Mrs. James Gordon Bennett upon the opening night at Pike's new Opera House. Mrs. S. N. Pike, wife of the owner of the Opera House, is said to have been seated opposite, similarly arrayed.

—The New Orleans *Crescent* of the 21st says: While extending our heartfelt pity to all persons afflicted with severe colds and loud coughing, we must, at the same time, confess that their absence from the theaters would increase that sympathy tenfold. For the peanut eaters, we swear a deadly and eternal hate.

—A distinguished Radical in Mobile has caused the arrest of Harry McCarthy on a claim for fiddle strings purchased five years ago by one of Harry's musicians.

—Oscar Templeton is to leave Cairo with his company. His last night was for his benefit last evening. Estelle Potter is his leading lady. The company pleased the Cairoites.

—Miss Agnes Stanfield, who played here last season at the New Memphis, is in Crisp's company, at Houston, Texas. J. F. Noyes is the leading actor. Each has created a favorable impression. Mr. W. H. Crisp is recovering from a severe illness.

—Mrs. Lander commenced an engagement at DeBar's St. Louis Opera House on the 20th as *Elizabeth*.

—The gross receipts at the Louisville theater during the six opera nights last week were $3200.

AMUSEMENTS.

LEO. WHEAT'S CONCERT.—Mr. Wheat has promised to repeat his concert on Monday evening next, when an entirely new programme may be expected, to be interpreted by the ladies and gentlemen who so kindly lent their services on the occasion of the pleasant concert on Wednesday evening last. In addition to Mrs. Donegan and Mrs. Keating, Mrs. Tomlinson has consented to contribute her valuable services. We confidently look for a full house. The compliment from our citizens, implied in the call for this second concert, can only be fairly illustrated in this way. Mr. Wheat merits and should receive it, as he is entitled to the highest rank as an artist.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.—The bad luck of the week continued last evening. *The Drunkard* and *Black Eyed Susan* failed to draw. Mr. Adams concluded his engagement. His "William" was excellent, and Mrs. Allen played "Susan" with some feeling. Ellerton, Sloan, France, Fannie Pierson, Mitchell and least in size but great in merit, little Katie Gilbert, all played well. On Monday evening, *Under the Gaslight*, and on Friday, the Lotti Opera Troupe in *Martha*.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH CONCERT.—The preparations for this concert on Thursday next, are such as to insure a great musical treat, and to justify the expectation of a large attendance. We hope to meet all our friends there, on such an interesting occasion.

THE CONCERT.—Our music loving citizens should not forget that Prof. Leo Wheat's concert is to be repeated at the Greenlaw Club Rooms on Monday night.

VARIETIES.—The variety show, on Washington street, continues to draw full houses. Helen DeVere, Lizzie Wheeler, Johnny Hart and Oscar Willis always please their patrons, while Tony Benton does the funnyman to a dot.

REMEMBER the great auction sale of Clothing, Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Vesting and Furnishing Goods every night at Reid & Bro.'s, 151 Jefferson street. Private sale during the day. A. S. Rogerson, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.—The members of the Ladies' Industrial Aid Society are requested to meet at their room in the Stillman Hall at 11 o'clock on Monday the 27th inst. A full attendance is desired, as it is the time for the election of officers and the transaction of other business of importance.

THE PRESIDENT.

January 24, 1868.

It affords us much pleasure to notice our young friends Messrs. Thurmond, Foster & Co., 11 Monroe street, are still, in these dull times, disposing of their stock of the best tobacco ever brought to this market, to their numerous patrons from the surrounding country. If we judge men by their stock, we can cheerfully recommend Thurmond, Foster & Co.

NOTICE.—The undersigned beg leave to state to their customers and friends that they have made considerable reduction in their general expenses, and can afford to furnish suits made from the best imported goods at a price to compete with other cities. Call and examine for yourselves.

MURRAY & RIDGELEY,
Merchant Tailors, 31 Madison street.
ja27 2w

A Card.

We take pleasure in recommending to the public the names of the following insurance companies as especial'y worthy of confidence: The Peoples Insurance Company, Memphis; Planters Insurance Company, Memphis; the Underwriters of New York, and the Globe Insurance Company, and Western Insurance Company, both of Cincinnati. These companies have promptly adjusted the loss sustained by them in the burning of the Bradley Block; and in commending them to our friends as first class companies, we feel that we are but doing a simple act of justice, not only to the companies named, but to those of our friends who wish to insure in safe and reliable insurance agencies.

MART WALT & CO.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson and 393 Main streets have received the New York Clipper, Police News, Police Gazette, Harper's Bazaar, Chimney Corner, Literary Album, Boston Pilot, Harper's Weekly, Frank Leslie, Jolly Joker, Waverly Magazine, Metropolitan Record, Wilkes' Spirit, Turf, Field and Farm, LaCrosse Democrat, New York Ledger, New York Mercury, Sunday Mercury, Irish Citizen, Irish People, Southern Opinion, and Dallies from everywhere, Harper's Magazine, Godey's Lady's Book, Peterson's Magazine, Lippincott's Magazine, Old Guard—all for February; Hunt's Magazine, London Society, North American Review, Every Saturday—all for January; also a lot of new Valentines from $15 down to 10c. Emmons & Son is the place to get your Sunday reading matter. Diaries for 1868 selling low.

IMPORTANT TO CLAIMANTS.—Having learned from the numerous applications made to us for the collection of claims by individuals in all parts of the country that there are a great many persons who have claims which are lying perdue for the want of information on the subject, we beg to announce that the Government of the United States has been for nearly five years past paying claims through this office at the rate of many thousands of dollars monthly, and in order to secure justice to all parties, we suggest that all who have not done so, make a full and plain statement (not an affidavit) of their claim, and of the amount to which they deem themselves entitled, and forward the same to us *at once*, so as to enable us to perfect and present the same to the department to which it appertains.

Ours is the oldest established Claim Agency in the Southern States, and most all of the claim business of the vast valley of the Mississippi has been, and is now being controlled by us, and entrusted to our charge for collection.

Since commencing business in this city in 1862, we have transacted business for claimants in every State and Territory in the United States, and have taken claims in every county and parish from the Ohio river to the Gulf of Mexico.

Our reputation for energy and promptitude since commencing business, coupled with the corps of efficient and talented clerks in our employ, furnishes guarantee for a faithful attention to all business entrusted to us.

We have already collected, under the various acts of Congress, in bounties alone, to amount of nearly a million dollars.

We make liberal advances to parties giving us their claims for collection.

The following classes of claims are prosecuted to settlement by us without delay:

Arrears of pay and bounty to soldiers (white or colored) or their heirs.

Pensions for above (invalids or otherwise.) Arrears due pensioners through all grades of legitimate succession.

Claims of officers for arrears of pay; for *mileage* when *traveling* under orders without transportation.

For commutation of *fuel* and *quarters* not furnished in kind.

Accounts of Assistant Quartermasters and Commissaries.

Prize money and naval bounty.

Pay due officers and sailors for loss of clothing.

Commutation of rations due prisoners of war or their heirs.

Pensions for officers and men of the navy, disabled in service, or their heirs.

Arrears of pay due sailors and marines, white or colored, and their heirs.

Claims for salvage.

Claims of loyal citizens of the following nature; When the Government has purchased, contracted for, or seized the property through any of its officers or agents, and when the same has not been paid for, viz:

For value of horses, mules, forage, corn, wood and timber, and all other quartermaster stores.

For value of cattle, bacon, wheat, vegetables, and all other Commissary stores.

For rent of buildings or land, or for damage to the same, while occupied for military purposes, or other Government uses.

For use of transports, steamboats, tugs and barges, or for loss of or damage to the same, while being used for Government purposes.

Claims of cavalry soldiers and officers for horses and equipments lost, and for horses killed, captured or abandoned in service.

Claims for pay for use and risk of same.

We procure land warrants for soldiers and sailors serving in any war from 1775 to 1848, or if dead, for their widows or minor children (whether mustered into service or not).

Claims coming within the jurisdiction of the Patent or General Land Office, Indian Bureau, Surgeon General's Office and offices of the Chief Engineer and Chief of Ordnance promptly, carefully and successfully prosecuted.

Claims of every nature against the government, removal of charge of desertion, etc., and all matters requiring the services of Attorneys before the Departments or Court of Claims in Washington.

MEETING OF COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—At a meeting of the County Executive Committee, held at the office of the Chairman, January 25, 1868, it was resolved that the ratio of delegation in the Convention to be held on the 14th February, 1868, shall be one for each 100 votes cast in the last Mayor's election, or fraction over half the same, and shall be distributed as follows:

First Ward, seven delegates; Second Ward, four delegates; Third Ward, four delegates; Fourth Ward, two delegates; Fifth Ward, three delegates; Sixth Ward, three delegates; Seventh Ward, ten delegates; Eighth Ward, five delegates; Ninth Ward, two delegates, Tenth Ward, four delegates; and that the Fifth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Civil Districts outside the city of Memphis shall be entitled each to two delegates in the said Convention.

On motion the names of Ed. O'Neal and John Glancy are added as members of the County Executive Committee.

The Committee would state that they simply suggested the 8th of February as a suitable time for holding ward and district meetings for the selection of delegates, but since a proclamation of the Governor has been issued revoking our registration certificates, it is now deemed expedient and proper that said meetings shall be held as soon as practicable, to the end that our people shall be made to fully appreciate the necessity and importance of obtaining in due time their certificates of registration, and shall address themselves to the important work before them.

The committee is gratified at the prompt action of some of the districts in the selection of delegates, and hope they will be equally prompt and energetic is applying for their certificates of registration, for nothing but votes will count on the day of election.

The committee would be glad to see meetings called and speeches made which will serve to energize our organization, for without which we cannot succeed.

M. D. L. STEWART, Chairman.

THE COURTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—*C. F. Trigg, Judge.*—In the District Court, admiralty, several cases were disposed of as follows:

Cordes vs steamer Gleaner, dismissed.

Dean & House vs steamer R. E. Lee, taken under advisement, etc.

Hooker et al vs wreck of steamer Lady, order of sale.

Hutchinson & Co vs Clinton, order for certiorari to Circuit Court of Haywood county.

Richardson vs Everett, leave to defendant to withdraw answer.

On the criminal docket, Circuit Court, the case of the United States vs. Hitzfeld was disposed of. A Loeb appeared and moved to dismiss the petition of involuntary bankruptcy filed against him. It was taken under advisement by the Court. Charles J. Barker dismissed his petition in bankruptcy, filed heretofore. Court stands adjourned until Monday next.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—*George W. Waldran, Judge*—Monday will be motion day in this Court. The following cases have been set for trial after the above motions:

439 Ayers et al vs Werner.

440 Ayers et al vs Cohen.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT.—*George W. Reeves, Judge*—The January term of this Court commences on Monday next, pursuant to adjournment. Major John Somerville having applied to Judge Reeves for writ of habeas corpus, the investigation of the same will probably come up on Monday, unless the decision of Judge Pierce in the case of DuBose should render such unnecessary.

CRIMINAL COURT.—*William Hunter, Judge.*—Meets on Monday next, pursuant to adjournment. The numbers of the cases set for hearing on Monday are as follows. The calendar has been published heretofore:

H. D.
Scott vs Johnson.
121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 137, 138, 139, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174.

LAW COURT.—*James O. Pierce, Judge, etc.*—On yesterday Mr. Randolph concluded his argument in the Dubose contempt case, which occupied over two hours. Judge Pierce announced his intention to render a decision on Monday morning. On Monday all appeal cases will be called, and where the appellant does not appear, either in person or by attorney, the appeal will be dismissed and the judgment of the Court below affirmed.

NOTICE.—The entire stock of Ragland, Brother & Co., No. 319 Main street, will be sold at Eastern cost, for cash, until the 15th of February.

E. E. CLARKE, Assignee.

DO YOU WANT A FORTUNE?—Go to the office of the Phœnix Insurance Company, 280 Main street, and buy tickets in the "Grand Special Scheme of the Raleigh Springs." Tickets, $5.

LAUNDRY, 40 Jefferson street.

THE SPRING SESSION of W. E. Ward's Seminary, Nashville, Tenn., will begin on Monday the 27th of January. The finest building, and the leading school in the South for young ladies. Ja18 1w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE FRENCH LANGUAGE.

Professor Villehalin would respectfully announce to the public that he will, on Saturday, the 18th of January, open, at Lee Academy, a permanent school for instruction in the French language. For the present, every Saturday, from 10 a.m. to 12 m., will be devoted to his class. All who feel interested in the same are cordially invited to meet him at this institution on that day. The classes will be arranged to suit applicants, and the terms in accordance with the times. jals 1m

La Mirandes' French Remedies—Have saved thousands all over Europe, having been for many years the first assistant at Professor La Mirandes' Private Hospital in Paris, and having been induced to establish a branch in this country, I am now prepared to furnish his celebrated remedies for Consumption, Rheumatism, Scrofula etc; also, the genuine imported Vitella—Health's Grand Restorer—the only certain cure for a constitution shattered by the excesses and abuses of youth. Do not be tampered with by inexperienced physicians. Address your communications to Dr. G. W. Fernier, 235 West 47th St., New York. ADVICE GRATIS. Our book, by which any person can understand their own case, sent free to any address. Ladies may address us in full confidence. Jal

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

The rise at this point is still receding, though very slowly. The prospects for the opening of navigation to St. Louis is very favorable, and we may look for a boat from that port within the next three or four days. The water is going up rapidly at that port. The Ohio is rising from Pittsburg to Louisville. There is no change reported in the Arkansas or White rivers since our last.

Arrivals.

Steamer Indiana, Louisville.
" Alice V. New Orleans.

Departures.

Steamer Indiana, New Orleans.
" Florence Traber, Ark, river,
" Liberty, White river.
" Mayflower, Evansville.
" Goldfinch, Cairo.
" Alice V. Cincinnati.

Boats in Port.

Steamers Centralia, Guidon.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Capt. E. E. Dill, a gentleman well known in steamboat circles, died last evening at St. Louis, in the fifty-fourth year of his age. For many years he commanded upon the river, and before the war he was engaged in the agency business in this city, in connection with his son, Mr. W. E. Dill, at present of the St. Louis wharf boat. Capt. Dill became paralyzed some years ago, and has since resided in St. Louis. Among his wide circle of acquaintances he was ever esteemed as a high toned and honorable gentleman, and his death will be universally regretted.

The mate of the steamer Armadillo, whose name is Sweeney, and who is a brother of Capt. Sweeney, the master of that vessel, made an attempt to kill the Captain at Cairo on Thursday. Failing in this, no shot and killed a passenger named Groves, of Rochester, Pa., and then threw the body overboard. It was one of the coolest deeds of blood we have ever read.

Twenty-two boats were at Louisville on Thursday, nearly all of which were laid up.

A special to a Louisville paper from this port said that the St. Patrick left here with 700 bales of cotton and 840 tons of hides. A pretty fair cargo.

The same special said that the Darling was to leave with 14 bales of cotton.

The Commercial, Capt. Ashford, leaves on Tuesday for White river. She carries the United States mail.

The Des Arc is coming with 800 bales of cotton and a fair passenger trip.

We have no Arkansas river packet.

A steamer is loading at St. Louis for this port, and will come out on the first rise.

The elegant new passenger packet, Belle Lee, Capt. McGill, passes up to-day for Louisville at 10 a.m.

A schooner came in from above, yesterday, all the way from Lake Michigan. She passed down the canal from Chicago, and ran into the Mississippi through the Illinois river. Her captain's name is Lafitte, and the boat goes to the lower coast where that name is not unknown.

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Memphis Gas Light Company will be held at the office of the Company, on Monday, the 27th inst., at 3 o'clock p.m. for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

JOHN W. FOWLER, Secretary.

ja26 3t

Notice.

I WILL lease my lower Plantation in Tunica county, Mississippi, (one of the highest and best in the bottom), for a period of three years, free of rent to any responsible party who will pay the taxes, and do certain repairs and improvements, which I will designate.

ja17 tf A. WRIGHT.

NOTICE.

I WILL, at the next February Term (1868) of the County Court of Shelby county, make application for Letters of Administration upon the estates of E. M. Dill and P. E. Dill, both deceased, when and where all parties concerned can attend. O. M. ALSUP.

Wilson & Beard, Att'ys, 18 Court st. ja17 2w

Notice,

I WILL, at the February Term, 1868, of the Shelby County court, apply for Letters of Administration upon the estate of Irving Parrett, deceased. W. W. RITCHIE.

January 6, 18 8. ja8 law4w

NOTICE.

THE undersigned will apply at the January Term, 1868, of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, to probate the will of A. C. Weatherall, and for letters testamentary thereon. A. DeWEATHERALL,
dec12 law4w* A. C. WEATHERALL.

Notice to Stockholders.

THE Stockholders of the German National Bank are hereby notified that an election will be held at this Bank, on January 14th, next, from 10 o'clock a.m. until 2 p.m., for the purpose of electing seven Directors to serve during the year 1868.

dec14 lm MARTIN GRIFFIN, Cashier.

Notice to Stockholders.

THE Stockholders of the DeSoto Insurance and Trust Company are hereby notified that an election will be held, at their office, on January 15th next, from 10 a.m. until 2 p.m., for the purpose of electing seven Directors.

J. G. LONSDALE, Secretary.
Ledger copy till day. dec7 1d

NOTICE.

THE Nonconnah Turnpike Company and Wolf River Pike Company will hold their Annual Meeting on the 4th January, 1868, at Doyel Pearson's. D. G. JAMES, President.
DOYEL PEARSON, Secretary.
December 25, 1867. dec25 1w*

NOTICE.

HAVING been appointed RECEIVER FOR COMMERCIAL BANK OF TENNESSEE, I hereby request all parties having claims against said Bank to present them at once that they may be entered upon the list of liabilities. All persons indebted to same are notified to come forward and settle their accounts immediately. J. A. OMBERG, Receiver.
January 14, 1868. ja16 1w

Notice.

To all whom it may concern:

I WILL apply, at the February Term of the County Court of Shelby county, for Letters of Administration on the estate of James W. Williams, deceased. W. G. LANCASTER.
Memphis, Tenn., January 7, 1868.
ja8 law4w

Notice.

WE have this day appointed Messrs. ALLISON BROTHERS our sole agents to wind up our old business in this city. All persons indebted to us, and all parties having claims in their possession for collection from our

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, January 25, 1868.

The New York gold market is very sensitive. Every resolution offered in Congress affects it more or less. It may be, therefore, a matter of no astonishment to our readers to learn that the arrest of George Francis Train was the cause of an advance in the New York market of nearly one cent. That market opened to-day at 140c, and at noon had declined ⅛c. The transactions in this market were confined to a few small lots which sold at 137 to 138c. The counter demand is fair at 140c, selling.

The Exchange market is much the same as yesterday, but with diminished offerings. Rates are the same on all points.

City Scrip is in good demand; our brokers report no offerings during the day. Buying nominally at 45 to 46c; selling at 48 to 50c.

County Warrants are very dull. Dealers are supplied and not disposed to accumulate any more. In consequence, the buying rates are hard to give accurately. One broker bought during the day at 60c; selling at 64 to 65c.

Police Scrip is in active demand at yesterday's quotations.

Cotton was firm in Liverpool to-day at the opening, with Uplands 7¾d, Orleans 8d, and at 3 p.m. was active at 7¾ to 7⅞d for Uplands, and Orleans 8 to 8⅛d. Sales for the day, 15,000 bales. The opening New York dispatch quoted that market firm with a moderate demand and prices unchanged. At noon the demand was moderate at the opening figures, but at 1 p.m. the demand was good and prices advanced; Middlings 18c, Orleans 18¾c. At the close the demand was good and prices tending upward; Middlings 18 to 18¼c; Orleans 18¾ to 19c. Sales for the day, 3500 bales; receipts for the week, 19,500; exports, 13,000; sales, 33,000; stock on hand, 40,000 bales. Our market was very active but prices were somewhat irregular. A few tables (small ones) of Middlings changed hands at 16½c, early in the day, but they were mostly shy. The market closed firm and tending to better prices:

Stained	15½	@15
Ordinary	14	@15
Good Ordinary	15	@15½
Low Middling	15½	@15¾
Middling	16¼	@17
Strict Middling	17	@
Good Middling	18	@18½

COTTON STATEMENT.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, January 25, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867	1,080	
Received to-day	2,183	
Received previously	153,205	157,388
		158,468
Exported to-day	2,220	
Exported previously	149,475	145,701
Stock on hand and at presses	10,767	
Receipts for the week	10,404	
Exports " "	6,917	

Business was active yesterday, and prices firm on all things except corn, which has declined rapidly. The arrival of 3000 sacks by the Mayflower, which we announced yesterday, overstocked the market, and prices fell from $1 to 85 @90c. Oats are firm at 77 to 78c in round lots from flatboats. Bran, $35 to $36. Hay, $20 to $22. Cornmeal is firm at $4 75 to $5 in store, but small lots were closed out on the landing early in the day at $4 25 to 4 40. Meats of all kinds are firm; Mess Pork is out of market, except in a retail way, at $22 75 to 23 00; Rump, $17 to 17 50; Hams—Clear Sides are scarce and held at 13 to 13½; Bulk Sides, clear, 12 to 12½c; Clear Rib, 11½ to 11¾c; Rib Sides, 10½ to 11c; Shoulders, 8¾ to 9c; Breakfast Bacon, 14¼ to 15c; Sugar-cured Hams, 17 to 18c. Lard is dull, owing to the quantity of fresh pork on the market, held at 13c in tierces and 14c in kegs. Chickens are more plentiful and sell at $5 to 5 50 per dozen. Turkeys, $18 to $20. India bagging, 22 to 24c; machine, 23 to 25c; hand, nominal. Choice Western butter, 38 to 40c; good, 30 to 35c. Western Reserve cheese, 15½ to 16c; English dairy, 16½ to 17c; factory, 16 to 16½c. Rio coffee, 23 to 26c; Java, 38 to 40c. The stock of low grades of flour is very low and prices are nominal; XX, $12 50 to 13 50; XXX, $14 to $14 50; fancy brands, $15 to 16. Mackerel, No. 1 kits, $2 75 to 3 00; No. 2, $2 50 to 2 75; No. 3, $2 25 to 2 50. Louisiana molasses, 70 to 85c in barrels. Onions very scarce. Potatoes, firm, $2 50 to 3 00 per barrel. Kanawha salt, $3 60 to 3 75 per barrel; sack, $3 to 3 25. Tar, per dozen kegs, $6 to 7 50. Wool, washed, 25 to 26c. Inferior, 15 to 20c. Sugars, crushed and powdered 18 to 19c. Coffee, 16½ to 17c; brown, 12½ to 16c. Tobacco, fancy work natural leaf, $1 to $1 25; bright pounds fancy, $1 to $1 25; medium, 80 to $1; common, 60 to 75c; smoking, fine and fancy, $1 to $1 25; common, 55 to 75c. Whisky is firm at $1 60 to $2 25; for common.

Stock market firm. No. 1 beef cattle, 6 to 7c; No. 2, 4½ to 5½c; inferior, 2½ to 3½c gross. Hogs, gross, 6½ to 7c; dressed, 8½ to 9c. Sheep, per head, $4 to $6, as to quality.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW TYPE.

FINE PAPERS AND CARDS!

CLEAR, BEAUTIFUL PRINTING!

PRICES LOW,

UNIFORM AND REASONABLE.

CALL AT THE

FRANKLIN JOB PRINTING HOUSE

15 West Court Street,

And examine specimens of Business Cards, Bill Heads, Circulars, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Visiting Cards, Wedding Cards, Labels, Checks, Etc.

S. C. TOOF, Proprietor.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The "MAYFIELD PLACE," containing 640 acres, 350 cleared and under fence, a good gin and ginhouse, stables and necessary outbuildings, a nice dwelling, two good cisterns and one well, springs on the place which affords running water the year round. This place is situated on the Horn Lake road, 12 miles from Memphis, and will be sold to the suit the times. If not sold by the 15th of January, 1868, will be rented to a good tenant. Apply to

R. DUDLEY FRAYSER, Att'y,
No. 11 Madison street, or to
J. S. LANE, on the premises.

FOR RENT.—No. 314 Adams street—BAUM'S OLD STAND. The house contains 8 rooms besides Bar-room and cellar under, also, a back lot. Apply to R. DUDLEY FRAYSER, Att'y,
dec24 No. 11 Madison street.

NO GIFT ENTERPRISE
Or any other Swindle!

MISSOURI AND KENTUCKY STATE AND HAVANA LOTTERIES.

ONLY LEGAL LOTTERIES IN U. S.

THEY are drawn under State Charters; have been drawn for over FORTY YEARS. Bonds must be and are deposited with U. S. Collector as security.

The prizes are drawn in public by two sworn Commissioners appointed by the State.

Must be drawn if tickets are sold or not.

PRIZES ALL CASH.

There are two State Drawings each day, and two Havana Drawings each month.

Drawings can be seen two hours after purchase of tickets.

One-half the Tickets are Prizes.

Prizes paid on day of purchase.

Tickets $1 to $20, according to Scheme.

Prizes $1 to $100,000, according to Scheme.

Principal Agent, GEO. W. VAN VOAST, No. 151 Jefferson street.

ROBERT A. MOON,
Cotton Factor
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 276 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

LIBERAL ADVANCES—Supplies at Wholesale Prices. Commission or selling Cotton, One Dollar per Bale. not

REMOVAL.

THE General Southern Freight Office of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has been removed from the old stand to

No. 266 Front Row, over

The well known house of Toof, Phillips & Co.

Through Bills Lading given to all Eastern cities. Rates as low and time as quick as by any other route.

G. R. BLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore.
H. F. HECKERT, Western Agent, Cincinnati.
E. D. COBB, Agent,
se24 **Baltimore & Ohio Railroad**

Attachment Suit.

Municipal Court of Memphis.

W. N. Wilkinson and D. B. Blair, Plaintiffs, vs. Pirl Verbie and W. J. May, Defendants.

FRIDAY, FOR ATTACHMENT having been made in this case in pursuance of section 806 of the Code of Tennessee, it is ordered that [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

FINLEY'S CHURN DASHER.

HEADQUARTERS AT 321 MAIN ST. MEMPHIS, Tenn.
J. A. CAMERON & CO. Agents

For the United States and Territories. Agents wanted in every county in the United States. Exclusive agencies granted by Counties or States. Terms liberal.

We are pleased to make reference to the following parties who have put the DASHER to *practical test*. Their experience and opinions ought to satisfy the most incredulous; if however, such testimonials are not sufficient, you will not be convinced of the fact without a trial for yourself. If THEN it does not equal every representation, return the DASHER and get the price paid:

Judge Frame F Hill, Col H T Tomlinson,
Col W Underwood, Major M J Wicks,
Col H H Potter, H F Ball, Esq,
Newton Ford, Esq, D Cockrell, Gayoso House;
Rev W C Johnson, Christian Advocate; Hon Arca Wright,
Capt Joseph Lenow, H A Montgomery,
W B Waldran, John Harbert, Esq,
M D Deadrick, Esq, Dr J Y Cummings,
R B Barnes, Esq, Dr A Burleson,
E Whitmore, Evening Ledger; Major D Winter,
Marcus Jones, Esq,
Major H D Bulkley, J F Frank, Esq,
Dr S Hinsdale, Memphis; Rev Dr G H Gray, La Grange;
Maj A Buck, Brownsville; G Brown, Clarksville;
J M Woodson German-town; Rev R H Rivers, Somerville;
E W Caldwell, Shelby Depot; Maj E B Williams, Madison's;
Col N Adams, Stanton's; Richard Sanford, Covington, Tenn;
Wm Hodges, Oakland; Rev Moses Brock, Miss; J M Deloach, Woody'll;
Rev Jas Boniface, Hollandsburg; Rev Dr G H Gray, La Grange;
Ben Mosby, Hernando; Wm McKnight, Iuka;
C C Frierson, Oxford; Dr R W Martin, Red Sulphur Springs;
John J Wilkins, Holly Springs; Dr A M Caruthers, Starkville;
Dr W M Philips, Chalybeate; Dr R W Martin, Red Sulphur Springs;
John J Wilkins, Holly Springs; Dr A M Caruthers, Starkville;
Dr W M Philips, Chalybeate; H R Lucas, Vicksburg;
Mrs Kyle, Canton, Miss; T L Matthews, Indian Bay;
W P Nesbitt, Ark; Dr J M Owens, Russellville, Ky;
Gen T C Hindman, Helena; Thos B King, Searcy;
Rev H M Granade, Fayetteville, Ark; R D Bond, Jacksonb'r;
Mrs R M Jones, Hampton, Va; Gen R E Lee, Lexington, Va;
Dr J M Owens, Russellville, Ky; T H Withers, Louisville, Ky;
Gen Buford, Woolfolk county, Ky; Miss C H McLean, Owensboro, Ky;
James M Warren, Hillsboro, Ala; Col J J Faulder, Huntsville, Ala;
Rev H M Granade, Fayetteville, Ark; R D Bond, Jacksonb'r;
Mrs R M Jones, Hampton, Va; Gen R E Lee, Lexington, Va;
Dr J M Owens, Russellville, Ky; T H Withers, Louisville, Ky;
Gen Buford, Woolfolk county, Ky; Miss C H McLean, Owensboro, Ky;
James M Warren, Hillsboro, Ala; Col J J Faulder, Huntsville, Ala;
R D Sanders, Jefferson, Texas, etc., etc. etc. American, Texas;

Retail Price - $3 00, Everywhere.

Terms invariably cash on delivery. No better opportunity for men of small means to realize a handsome income than by agency for sale of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Apply in person, or address (with stamp) for particulars, J. A. CAMERON & CO., General Agents, 321 Main st., Memphis, Tenn.

Remaining counties yet open for agency of FINLEY CHURN DASHER in North and Middle Mississippi, Western and Middle Tennessee and Arkansas. Some States North and South open for agency, on liberal terms.

J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Parties owning desirable city or suburban property, who wish to convert it quickly and to good advantage, can make a transaction for the FINLEY CHURN DASHER for extreme western territory. The profits can be made immense on the Pacific Coast and other portions of the West. Call and see us, and inducements may be offered that, perhaps, may please you very much.

J. A. CAMERON & CO., 321 Main street.

The FINLEY CHURN DASHER shipped to any address on receipt of THREE DOLLARS, or by express "C. O. D."

J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street, Memphis.
ja19

GRAND SPECIAL SCHEME
—OF THE—
RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS,
TO BE DRAWN ON OR ABOUT
February 15, 1868,

Under the direct auspices of the following well known Citizens of Memphis:

DIRECTORS.

N. CORONNA, President German National Bank;
JOHN S. TOOF, Postoffice Building;
W. L. STEWART, late of W. L. Stewart Bros;
ROBT. FOWLKES, Attorney at Law;
R. B. PITTMAN, of R. B. Pittman & Co;
GEO. H. LEGUERE, of Ward & Leguere.

N. CORONNA.....Treasurer.
DEPOSITORY.....German National Bank.
F. Y. ROCKETT.....Financial Secretary.

$34,500 IN PREMIUMS.
NUMBER of PRIZES, 25.
CERTIFICATES, $5 EACH.
A Fortune or a Homestead for $5.
CAPITAL PRIZE VALUED AT $20,000 00.

Which amount has recently been offered for the Springs and property immediately surrounding.

PRIZE NO. 1.

The celebrated Raleigh Mineral Springs, situated on the confines of Raleigh, late County Seat of Shelby, Tenn., nine miles north-east of Memphis, and two miles from Wells' Station, on the Memphis and Louisville Railroad. These Springs are of world wide renown, of various mineral and medicinal qualities, and are visited every Summer by thousands of seekers of health and pleasure, from all quarters of the country. They are within a few steps of the village of Raleigh, in a beautiful valley, and also within a few hundred feet of Wolf river, which winds around the base of the eminence on which the Springs rise. It is situated, and empties into the "Father of Waters" at Memphis. Numerous remarkable cures of various diseases have been effected by sojourners at this health-inspiring retreat, and the present proprietor, Col. J. M. Coleman, can produce hundreds of certificates of cures in cases which had been entirely given over by the faculty. The ground surrounding the Springs, and in fact the entire village of Raleigh, rises to an eminence of nine miles, and is as remarkable for its healthfulness as beauty of location. The Springs are in the order, never failing, and are designated as follows:

MARBLE SPRING,
BOX SPRING,
MAGNOLIA SPRING,
ARSENIC SPRING,
SULPHUR SPRING,
FREESTONE SPRING.

The place has never been visited by epidemic of any kind, and peculiarly characteristic of its health fulness is the longevity of the inhabitants. Many of the oldest citizens of Shelby county are residents of Raleigh.

The Springs are as much resorted to by pleasure seekers as by invalids, owing to beauty of scenery and various artificial as well as natural attractions. Connected with the Springs are a Pavilion, Ladies' Bowling Alley, Rustic Arbors, Reading Saloon, Geots' Bowling Alley, Saloon, Billiard Room, Gymnasium, Refreshment Tables, etc., while Wolf river affords excellent Boating and Fishing.

The ground accompanying the Springs, in the above scheme and included in the First Prize, is the choicest selected property in the vicinity, and affords in addition to a magnificent site for a grand hotel and other buildings; splendid facilities for a park, promenades, etc.

An analysis of the several Springs, by distinguished practical chemists, shows that they are unsurpassed in mineral and curative properties by any in the United States. There is no reason then why Raleigh should not become as famous as Saratoga, Sharon or Lebanon, and as largely patronized. It needs only capital and enterprise to accomplish this end.

A charter is before the State Legislature for the incorporation of the Springs, and a movement has been inaugurated looking to direct rail communication with Memphis.

For the above, $30,000 was recently offered, which was declined in order that the above scheme may be fully carried out.

PRIZE NO 2.

The elegant country mansion house and lot residence of Col. J. M. Coleman is within a few yards of the Springs. The house is in first class order, contains 16 rooms and is beautifully adorned in shrubbery. The lot is well fenced and ornamented with fine shade and fruit trees, and affords all necessary out-houses, cisterns, etc. It is midway between the village and Spring Valley, on the main promenade. Value $8000.

PRIZE NO. 3.

One thousand dollars in cash.

PRIZE NO. 4 TO 25.

Twenty-two cottage lots valued at $250 each. These lots are a portion of the village of Raleigh, delightfully situated, all fronting on thoroughfares and will be drawn with the understanding that the winners shall have free access at all times to the Springs and belongings.

TERMS:

Single copies, by mail, prepaid	$ 20
Seven copies, by mail, prepaid	1 00
Fifteen copies, by mail, prepaid	2 00
One hundred copies, by express	12 00

Address
VAN EVRIE, HORTON & CO.,
Publishers, No. 162 Nassau street, New York.
For sale by all News Agents. ja14

KAVANAGH & DECKER'S
BILLIARD TABLES

THE most reliable Cushion used on Billiard Tables is the

Cat-Gut Cushion,

Manufactured by KAVANAUGH & DECKER, and exhibited second to a Perfect Cushion. It is the most elastic and most durable Cushion ever offered to the billiard-playing public, as is abundantly proven by the great reputation it has since its introduction. The peculiarity which distinguishes it from all others is the tightened cord of cat-gut which overlies the face and edge of the rubber cushion, which prevents the ball from bedding into the rubber and jumping from the tables. The addition of the cat-cut cord also adds much to the elasticity of the Cushion.

The Cat-Gut Cushion has already been applied to over 1000 tables, which are in constant use. It can be applied to tables of any make, for $75 per set.

Cavanagh & Decker's Factory, at the corner of Centre and Canal streets, N. Y., is the most complete of its kind in the world. The machinery is of the most improved character, the lumber drying room the largest in the United States, the material used the best that can be procured, and the workmen thoroughly skilled.

Billiard Cloth, Balls, Cues and Trimmings, all of the best make, constantly on hand.

Kavanagh & Decker are the only agents in this country for the Phenic Cement, adjudged by competent authorities to be the best Cement ever used.

Illustrated Price List.

KAVANAGH & DECKER,
Corner of Centre and Canal streets,
New York City.

Our Latest Improved
NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE,
GROVESTEEN & CO.,
499 Broadway, N. Y.,

THESE Instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner *possible*, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTES MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy, during the *thirty-six* years that we have manufactured Pianos, *twelve thousand* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

The tone of these Instruments are remarkable for their peculiar Sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register is remarkable for positiveness, does not destroy the middle and upper registers by mingling with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined beauty of tone being equally delightful to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, *with four full round corners front and back*, heavily carved Panels and Lyre serpentine Base richly moulded, and each instrument is fully warranted for five years.

se5 d&wly

TERWILLIGER & CO.,
Manufacturers of the Improved Triple Flange
Fire and Burglar Proof
SAFES,
With Combination and Powder-Proof Locks. Warranted free from Dampness.

Manufactory, 180 to 192 West Houston St., Depot, 166 Malden Lane, near Pearl St., se5 d&w1om NEW YORK.

THE
BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.
PIANO-FORTES.

WHOLESALE AGENCY.

THE subscriber, late a member of this well known firm, has established a Wholesale Agency,

783 Broadway, New York City,

Opposite A. T. Stewart's Dry Goods Palace, corner Tenth street.

Where he will be pleased to receive the orders of his friends and public, and especially to hear from those who have so liberally bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply superior instruments to the trade. Wholesale and Retail, at the very Lowest Prices, made with the In-ulated Iron Rim and Frame (cast from the solid plate). They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

All these Pianos have overstrung Scales, giving in connection with the patent iron rim and frame, Full, Round, Powerful and Sweet Medium and Low Tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance and easily and safely handled.

☞ Warranted to prove satisfactory, or the money returned.

Address all orders to
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NEW YORK CARDS.

CONSIGN YOUR GOODS
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BLACK, SHERLOCK & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS,
AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
PROVISIONS,
Western & Southern Produce.

TEAS,	FLOUR,
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SUGARS,	CHEESE,
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SPICES,	PORK,
RICE,	BEEF,
TOBACCO,	EGGS,
WINES,	FRUITS,
HOPS,	GRAIN,
ETC., ETC.	

Messrs. Black, Sherlock & Co.,

Having the most extensive connections in European and South American ports, are now prepared to make the

MOST LIBERAL ADVANCES
—AND—
IMMEDIATE RETURNS
—ON ALL—
KINDS OF PRODUCE,

and Merchants, Planters, Farmers generally throughout the country, will find it greatly to their advantage to ship their goods to

Messrs. Black, Sherlock & Co.,
50 Vesey Street, New York.

Having immense orders unfilled from our correspondents in Liverpool, Havana, St. Thomas, and several South American ports, we are in immediate want of the above mentioned articles of produce.

We can also handle to advantage for our Southern friends,

COTTON,	TOBACCO,
RICE,	SUGARS,
MOLASSES, Etc.	

Messrs. Black, Sherlock & Co.,
ALSO ISSUE A
PRICE CURRENT,
Which they will be happy to furnish
Free of Charge to their Friends and Customers.
NOW READY.

The Best Political and Statistical Manual Published.

THE DEMOCRATIC ALMANAC FOR 1868.

AMONG THE CONTENTS WILL BE found a
History of the San Domingo Massacre,
A counterpart of which is about being enacted in the Southern States.

The Almanac also contains full and official returns of the elections for this year, compared with previous ones; the most important Acts of Congress; President Johnson's Veto Messages and Proclamations; Lists of Federal and State Officers and Members of Congress; Popular and Electoral Vote for President in 1860 and 1864; statistical and other information indispensable to every politician, planter, farmer, merchant or mechanic.

Those parties desiring to obtain the only Democratic Text Book published, must send on immediately, as all orders are filled according to the date of reception. The cash must accompany all orders.

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Address all orders to
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ROUSE'S HOTEL

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

FOR 1868.

ALBERT PIKE,
EDITOR.

JNO. AINSLIE,
Cashier and Business Manager.

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL, NOW IN ITS Twenty-Ninth Year, is offered to the reading public of Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and Alabama, it is believed, with superior inducements to any that have ever been presented to its numerous and rapidly increasing patrons. The stagnation in financial movements, the almost total cessation of trade, the paralysis in agricultural operations and the anomalous condition of political affairs, instead of counselling to inaction and discouraging enterprise and energy, should arouse our people to redouble their exertions, to extend their enterprise, and to rely with greater confidence and higher resolve upon their own indomitable and unquenchable courage and purpose. If there ever was a time when the people should be

Fully Aroused and Wide Awake,

it is in such an emergency as the present. The temptation is strong to despair, and to surrender to the influence of fear and an almost overwhelming oppression. If we listen to the voice of the Siren and give up to despair, we are lost—irrecoverably lost. It behooves one and all to be up and doing, "with a heart for every fate, still achieving, still pursuing," until the book of our destiny shall be closed. We should hear of no compromise to make with the opposing genius of decay and destruction, which is seeking to drag us down. We should meet the enemy at every stage and wage an aggressive warfare upon him, until we expel him from the land. Poverty comes upon our beloved land and upon our patriotic people "like an armed man." Like "an armed man" we must assail him—with the same will, determination and courage with which he marches upon our homes and hearthstones. In such an emergency,

THE NEWSPAPER

Is the great and potent weapon with which we must carry on the campaign. We might as well at once surrender to the foe as to abandon this agency, which is, in fact, the artillery arm, both for defense and attack, in such a warfare. This great moral and political agent can only be rendered efficient and successful with the countenance, support and material assistance of the people. Never was there so cheap an aid employed to defend the right and to crush the oppressor. A people who are not willing to sustain an auxiliary which may be so potently used to defend their rights, and which can be employed at so inconsiderable an expense, are in the last stage of decrepitude and decline. And so an individual, who may be

FOUND TO DECRY THE PRESS,

which in all free governments is known to be the most powerful lever, in the service of good government, must be either too imbecile for a freeman or too corrupt to receive the confidence and respect of his countrymen. It therefore happens that the people who sustain the Press with the greatest liberality and who rely upon its free utterance, with the highest confidence in its power to elicit the truth and defend the right, are always the freest and most independent people.

THE APPEAL FOR 1868

Proposes to meet the great questions which will arise, for the restoration of constitutional rule, with the weapons of

REASON, TRUTH AND HISTORY,

Stern, inflexible principle will be its guide in the future, as it has been heretofore. It is emphatically

FOR A WHITE MAN'S GOVERNMENT,

For the Constitution as it was, and for the Enforcement of the Laws made in pursuance thereof. Its political tenets will not be subject to change by every breeze of popular revolution. It will adhere to the landmarks of the past, which is the only sure guide for the future. Its

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Department will keep pace with the wants of the public and the demands of business.

ITS LOCAL DEPARTMENT

Will chronicle all important events transpiring around us.

ITS NEWS

Will be carefully selected, with a view to post its readers in all the current events of the day.

ITS RIVER DEPARTMENT

Will give with fidelity such items as may be int eresting or important to business men, and those who are depending on navigation for their movements or profit.

ITS LITERARY CHARACTER

Will not be neglected in the hands of those who conduct it. And as a

MASONIC JOURNAL

It is valuable to all who take an interest in the discussion of the questions which are arising among the Fraternity. The MASONIC FEATURE is alone worth the price of subscription

Confident of an ability to meet every demand upon them, as a

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MEMPHIS APPEAL.

For the Sunday Appeal.

LINES TO WIFE.

BY REV. DR. NICHOLSON.

To-night I am far on the sea—
Each moment swept farther from thee,
And the waves rise high
Towards a threat'ning sky,
And the wind sighs drearily.

Yet, I see through the gloom of the night
That star, by whose tremulous light
We sealed the vow
That unites us now,
In a love no changes can blight.

And I think of the time "long syne,"
When we sat 'neath the old home vine,
And remember the years,
The misfortunes and cares
We have known since I called thee mine.

But, believe me, my heart is the same
As when first it enshrined thy name,
And for thee evermore,
From the pulse to the core,
It will glow with an even flame.

But to-night as I speed o'er the sea,
Borne momently farther from thee;
To the waves' deep sigh,
And the gloomy sky,
My heart beats responsively.

And I turn to the hour so bright,
When we sat in the rosy light
Of that eve in June,
When the full, fair moon
Coalesced in our hearts' delight.

ON STEAMER DOLEST, *en route* for Mexico.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Noon Dispatches.

LIVERPOOL, January 25.—Cotton firm. To-day's sales estimated at 12,000 bales. Uplands, 7¾d; Orleans, 8d.

MADRID, January 25.—The Minister of War has ordered fifty thousand American breech-loading rifles.

COPENHAGEN, January 25.—At the termination of the discussion in Rigsdag yesterday, on the transfer of the Danish West India Islands to the United States, the President said that he could not leave the subject without paying a tribute to the loyalty and consideration shown by the German Government; qualities so worthy of a mighty people.

VIENNA, January 24.—Archduke Albrecht, commander of the Austrian army, has been ordered to prepare to take the field.

HAVANA, January 24.—Relays from St. Thomas to the 19th have arrived. The transfer of the Island has not yet been completed.

Dates from Aivega to the 11th state that earthquake shocks since the 29th ult, have been constant.

Advices from Venezuela to the 7th inst. state that the rebellion is increasing. The Government troops were beaten, and have retired to Curracco. Gen. Palgar was arrested at Carracccas. Municipal conspiracies against Falcon had disappeared.

YOULLA, ABYSSINIA, January 14.—Information has been received here from the British expedition. Post No. 1 was in line of march from Annerty bay to the headquarters at Zenife, post No. 2. King Theodorus is in a comfortable position between Wadella and Darletta, near the palace at Magdela, where it is presumed all the captives will at present be held.

The native rebel chiefs have drawn their forces in his front, and by this hostile attitude aided the operations of the English. The powerful Wagehum, of Tyge, is near. He is friendly to the foreigners, and sent a message to this effect.

Napier's forces will probably advance from Zenife to Umptalla, which will be designated as the English post No. 3. A fight will occur as soon, or perhaps before the English march over the ground lying between Zenife and Umptalla.

LONDON, January 24—A dispatch from Madrid says that news has been received here from the provinces of Cragon and Catilliana which states that a speedy uprising was anticipated in favor of the eldest son of Don Juan. The widow of Don Carlos has sent forty millions reals to aid the insurrectionists.

ATLANTA, January 24—Mr. Osborn announced to-day in the Convention the intention of himself and party to ask Congress to give validity to whatever constitution may be passed, without submitting it to the people. This caused great excitement, and will meet with determined opposition.

PITTSBURG, January 25.—The river is rising. Seven feet six inches in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer, 19°

PATENT MEDICINES.

MRS. JACKSON'S
Queen Bess Complexion Wash.

THE following certificates, selected from hundreds of the same character in our possession, are confidently submitted to the public:

MRS. WOLCOTT'S CERTIFICATE.
QUINCY, Ill., November 5, 1866.

MRS. JACKSON, *Dear Madam*—It is with pleasure that I certify to you, call upon your certificates, which contained certificates and indorsements from the best physicians and the highest families of the United States, certifying that your oils for the complexion and teeth were purely the oils, extracted the essence of flowers, and they would say that it when used according to directions to cure the worst and most difficult cases of nursing sore mouth, canker of the stomach, bowels and dyspepsia. For scrofulous disorders, when used both internally and externally, it has no equal. Dear Madam, seeing this, and my little daughter, aged fifteen months, having the whooping cough for several months, accompanied with what the doctors call white canker, her mouth and throat being terribly ulcerated, and I hearing tried everything for its relief I could hear of, all to no purpose, I bought one bottle of your oil for the complexion, called "Queen Bess," went according to the directions, did not use quite one bottle, and it has most happily been the means of saving my child. She is now as well and hearty as ever she was in her life. I give you leave, if you see proper, to have it published it, that thousands of others who may be afflicted with any of the above affections may make use of the "Queen Bess," for I feel sure they will find immediate relief.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. GEO. WOLCOTT,
Jersey street, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

MRS. WM. R. COLLINS' CERTIFICATE.
HANNIBAL, MO., August 22, 1866.

MRS. JACKSON. *Dear Madam*—I am most happy to inform you that after having suffered more than three years with what some physicians call nursing sore mouth, or canker of the mouth and throat, I tried various remedies, but found nothing to do me any good until I heard of your oils for the complexion and called "Queen Bess." I bought one bottle, went according to directions, and am truly thankful to say I feel myself entirely cured. Hoping you will publish this, that other poor sufferers may be benefitted by it, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
MRS. WM. R. COLLINS.

AGENTS WANTED.—Male or Female, in every town and county in the United States, to introduce this celebrated preparation. Agents are now making from $150 to $200 per month, clear of expenses. Applications for agencies can be made for the present to Mrs. Jackson, at the Whitemore House, Adams street, between Third and Fourth, Memphis; or to the manufacturing depot, No. 113 Sixth street, St. Louis, Mo., either in person or by letter.

no27 tf

IN offering OUR BITTERS to the Southern Public, we have no hesitancy in asserting their superiority over any Northern production in our markets. In their devisement they are purely Southern—compounded with a special adaptitude to the various types of stomacic derangements preval